BSA MODEL
No. 2, Side Car
the real com-
ortable mount
or a Lady
Companion
Prices on
application.
& MOTOR Co.,
t, BOMBAY.
POONA.
BY
1913—15.

The Bombay Chronicle

BSA
Bicycles
Latest stock received,
prices on application.
WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR Co.,
Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.
East Street, POONA.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1918

CONDUCTED BY
MAHOMEDBHOY PIRBHAI & SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI.

X NO. 74 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, MAY 28, 1921. TWO ANNAS

PPING.

P. & O.

AND

BRITISH INDIA

(Companies Incorporated in England.)

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE

sailing to Plymouth and London, Callin at Marseilles

A Passengers required to be in possession o passports.

Date 1921.	Steamer.	Tons.
28th May	"Caledonia"	7,573
4th June	"Nagoya"‡	6,854
11th "	"Dongola"	8,056
18th "	"Malwa"*	10,911
25th "	"Neuralia"	9,082
2nd July	"Kashgar"	8,840
9th "	"Karmala"	8,083
16th "	"Delta"‡	8,087
23rd "	"Narkunda"*	16,115
30th "	"Morea"	10,890

Morea, Malwa, Narkunda — Through steamers from Australia.

Somali — Extra. Proceeds direct from Port Said to London and only conveys second saloon passengers.

‡Nagoya, Delta — Through steamers from China calling Bombay for mails only.

P. & O. MARSEILLES SPECIAL TRAIN. A special train leaves Marseilles for London via Boulogne shortly after the mail steamers' arrival.

E. I. COMPANY'S SAILINGS TO PORT SAID AND PLYMOUTH ONLY.

4th June	"Chanda"	6,169

Has second saloon accommodation for limited number of gentlemen only.

P. & O. SAILINGS FOR THE STRAITS, CHINA & AUSTRALIA.

Date	Steamer.	Remarks.
31st "	"Farkunda"	From Colombo to Australian Ports,
30th June	"Mantua"	From Colombo to Australian Ports.

SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

Date About.	Steamers.	Remarks.
23rd May	LINGA	Karachi direct.
24th "	LIGHTNING	Karachi & P. Gulf.
1st June	KAROA	East & South Africa.
26th "	BAMORA	Karachi & P. Gulf.

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage by P. and O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with.

MACHINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Nicol Roa' Fort, Bombay.

NOTICE.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT MERCHANT MARINE LTD. AND B. I. S. N. CO'S JOINT SERVICE.

CALCUTTA TO HALIFAX DIRECT TAKING CARGO FOR TRANSHIPMENT.

Steamer.	Tons	Sailing about	Remarks
Canadian Leader	5500	In July	Montreal

Terms Rates of Freight and Passages may be arranged with:—

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
10, Strand Road, CALCUTTA.
P. O. Box 165
Telephone No. 1280.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA,

(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Arrival.	Departure.
Saigon Maru	C. Okuda	16th May	2nd June
Honolulu Maru	K. Hirano	25th "	5th June
Ganges Maru	T. Inouye	1st June	12th June
Indo Maru	T. Hatano	16th June	25th June
Peking Maru	K. Yamaguchi	23rd June	1st July.

E. SHIMA,
Manager.
Oriental Bank Buildings, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,

Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd,
(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer	Commander	Tons	Arrival	Departure.
Wakasa Maru	S. Tsuda.	6074	11th May	20th "
† Kagano Maru	K. Tsukuda	3534	17th "	26th "
Tosbori Maru	S. Ito	5066	15th "	25th "
Hakata Maru	T. Sasaki	5970	25rd "	5th "
Tajima Maru	K. Takano	6095	11th June.	23rd June.
Tatsuno Maru	G. Ota	6995	22nd "	4th July.

a This steamer has no passenger accommodation.

† This steamer arrives from New York, and sails for Calcutta via Colombo, Madras and Rangoon.

For Freight and passages apply to

S. SAGAMI,
Manager.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA LIMITD.

	Rs.
AUTHORISED CAPITAL	5,00,00,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	2,97,61,500
CALLED-UP CAPITAL	60,00,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ON 18-8-20	59,76,150

HEAD OFFICE:
7, Murzban Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

SUB-BRANCHES:
Zaveri Bazar, 289, Shaik Memon Street. Share Bazar, Rogay Building, Apollo Street.

LONDON AGENTS:
THE LONDON COUNTY WESTMINSTER AND PARR'S BANK, LIMITED.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS:—Interest allowed at 2½ per cent. per annum on DAILY BALANCES up to Rs. 1,00,000. From 1st January to 30th June interest at 3 per cent. per annum is allowed on sums over Rs. 50,000 provided the balance does not fall below that figure. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANKS. Interest allowed at per cent. per annum. Rules on application.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved securities at favourable rates.

SHARES AND SECURITIES purchased and sold.

Banking business of every description transacted.

A. B. OLIPHANT,
Ag. Manager.

THE TATA INDUSTRIAL BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE: BOMBAY.

Subscribed Capital	Rs. 7,58,73,52
Paid-up Capital and Reserves	Rs. 2,38,73,335
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	Rs. 5,31,11,467

BRANCHES:
London, Calcutta, Delhi, Cawnpore, Hyderabad (Deccan), Lucknow, Madras, Rangoon.

SUB-BRANCHES—
Bombay—Share Bazar, 20, Apollo Street. Shroff Bazaar, 297, Shaik Memon Street, and Mandvi, Musjid Bunder Road.
Calcutta—Bora Bazaar.
Lucknow—Aminabad and Chandausi.
Cawnpore—Hathras.
London Office: 5, Bishopsgate.
London, E. C.
Sir D. J. Tata, Kt., Chairman, Board of Directors.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily credit balances from Rs. 500/ to Rs. 1,00,000/ at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000/ interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—Interest allowed on Deposits fixed for one or two years and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved Securities.

PURCHASES AND SALES OF Securities and Shares effected.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased and collected and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

NOTICE to Savings Bank depositors from April 1st, 1921, interest on Saving Bank accounts has been INCREASED from 4 per cent. to 4½ per cent. per annum.

S. M. B. BUCKLEY,
General Manager.

THE BANK OF MORVI LTD.

(REGISTERED IN BOMBAY.)

HEAD OFFICE:—Fort Bombay.
BRANCHES:—Shroff Bazar (Bombay) and Surat.
LONDON AGENTS:—The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital	Rs. 1,00,00,000
Paid-up Capital	Rs. 40,00,000
Reserve Liability for Calls	Rs. 60,00,000
Reserve and Contingency Funds	Rs. 2,62,000

CURRENT ACCOUNTS—Interest at 2 per cent. all round the year on sums of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS—Received for 12 months and shorter periods.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS—Received at 4 per cent.

STERLING DRAFTS and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS on London bought and sold.

GOLD AND SILVER IMPORTED.

STOCKS and SHARES sold and purchased in India and England and Dividends collected.

All kinds of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

E. L. PARKER & CO.,
Agents.

BANKING.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA,

CONSTITUTED UNDER THE IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA ACT 1920.

for the purpose of taking over the undertakings and business of the Bank of Bengal, the Bank of Bombay and the Bank of Madras.

BANKERS TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL.
2,25,000 share of Rs. 500 each ... 11,25,00,000

PAID-UP CAPITAL AS ON 25TH MARCH, 1921.
75,000 shares of Rs. 500 each Fully Paid ... 3,75,00,000
72,376 shares of Rs. 500 each Rs. 125 Paid ... 90,47,000
4,65,47,000

RESERVE FUND as on 25th March 1921 ... 3,54,52,000

RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS as on 25th March 1921. ... 2,71,41,000

MANAGING GOVERNORS.
Sir Norcot Warren; N. M. Murray, Esq (Offg)

LOCAL HEAD OFFICES.
Calcutta, Bombay, Madras.

LONDON OFFICE.
2, Princess Street, E. C. 2.
Sir Bernard Hunter, Manager.

BRANCHES.

Agra	Hyderabad Deccan
Ahmedabad	(Sub-Agency Parbhani)
Ahmedabad City	Hyderabad Sind
Akola	Indore
Akyab	Jalgaon (East Khandesh)
Allahabad	Jalpaiguri
Alleppy	Karachi
Amraoti	Lahore
Bangalore	Lucknow
Bellary	Madras (Mount Road)
Benares	Madura
Bezwada	Mangalore
Bimlipatam	Masulipatam
Bombay (Byculla)	Moulmein
Bombay (Mandvi)	Nagpore
Bombay (Sandhurst Road)	Narayanguuge
Broach	Negapatam
Calcutta (Clive Street)	Gotacamund
Calcutta (Harrison Road)	Patna
Calcutta (Park Street)	Poona
Calicut	Quetta
Cawnpore	Rajahmundry
Chandpore (Pay Office)	Rajkot (Kathiawar)
Chittagong	Rangoon
Cocanada (Outstation Narsapur)	Salem
Cochin	Seeunderabad
Coimbatore	Serajgunj (Pay Office)
Colombo	Simla
Dacca	Sholapur
Delhi	Sukkur
Erode	Surat
Guntur	Tellicherry
	Trichinopoly
	Trivandrum
	Tuticorin

CURRENT ACCOUNTS—Opened free of charge.

FIXED DEPOSITS—Received at interest.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and Interest allowed.

GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES—Received for safe custody, purchase and Sales effected. Interest and Dividend collected and credited to account or remitted in accordance with instructions.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS—Granted and approved Mercantile Bills discounted.

Rates, Copies of Rules, Powers of Attorneys etc., may be had on application at any of the Local Head Offices or Branches of the Bank.

R. A. DON,
Secretary & Treasurer.
Bombay.

ALLAHABAD BANK, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 1865.

AUTHORISED AND SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Rs. 40,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP	Rs. 35,50,000
RESERVE FUND IN GOVERNMENT PAPER	Rs. 35,50,000
CONTINGENCY FUND for equalisation of Dividend, Provision for bad or doubtful debts, adjusting fluctuations in values of investments or etc.	Rs. 6,00,000

HEAD OFFICE:—ALLAHABAD.
BRANCHES.

Bombay, Bareilly, Calcutta, Cawnpore Delhi, Dehra Dun, Gorakhpur, Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Lucknow, Meerut, Mussoorie, Naini Tal, Nagpur, Patna.

SUB-AGENCIES.

Allahabad City Office, Amritsar, Aminabad Park (Lucknow) Benares, Cawnpore City Office, Chandausi, Fyzabad, Hathras, Lucknow City Office Lyallpur, Moradabad, Muttra, Rae Bareili, Sitapur.

CORRESPONDENTS. In all the principal Towns throughout India.

LONDON BANKERS.—The P. & O. Banking Corporation, Limited. The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Limited.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS. Interest at 2 per cent. allowed on balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 100,000 provided the interest amounts to Rs. 5 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS. Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Small sums received. Copy of Rules can be obtained on application. Government Paper and other securities purchased and sold, the Custody thereof undertaken and interest and dividends realised. Loans and Cash Credits granted.

Currecy Notes of any Circle, Cheques and Hundies are received for credit in Fixed Deposit account free of charge. Banking business of every description transacted. Copy of Rules may be had on application at the Head Office and at any of the Branches.

T. L. FOREMAN,
Agent.

Bombay Branch,
Allahabad Bank Buildings,
Apollo Street, Bombay.

INSURANCE.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.

INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
BRANCH: AHMEDABAD.

	Rs.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	3,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND	70,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balance from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 AT THE RATE OF 2½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM THROUGHOUT THE YEAR. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 5 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at the rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK Accounts opened on favourable terms. Rules on application.

G. A. SHRINGAPILLOW,
Manager.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

PAID-UP CAPITAL	$15,000,000
STERLING RESERVE FUND	£ 2,500,000
SILVER RESERVE FUND	$21,500,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS	$15,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG.
LONDON OFFICE: 9, Gracechurch Street, E. C.
BOMBAY OFFICE: 42, Churchgate Street.
OTHER BRANCHES:

Amoy	Johore	Saigon
Bangkok	Kobe	San Francisco
Batavia	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Malacca	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Tientsin
Foochow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Hankow	New York	Vladivostock
Harbin	Peking	Yloilo
Hongkow	Penang	Yokohama
Ipoh	Rangoon	

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half-yearly on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. per annum provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for varying periods on terms which may be learnt on application.

DRAFTS GRANTED AND BILLS PURCHASED on the principal commercial centres of the World.

GENERAL BANKING AND EXCHANGE business undertaken.

R. R. HYND.
Agents.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED

(Registered in Japan.)

ESTABLISHED 1880.

Subscribed Capital	Yen 100,000,000
Paid-up Capital	Yen 100,000,000
Reserved Fund	Yen 50,000,000

Head Office—YOKOHAMA.
Batavia, Bombay, Buenos Aires, Calcutta, Changchun, Dairen, Fantien, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Honolulu, Kai-Yuan, Kobe, London, Los Angeles, Lions, Manila, Nagasaki, Newshwang, New York, Osaka, Peking, Rangoon, Riddo, Jangtro, San Francisco, Seattle, Shanghai, Shimonoseki, Singapore, Ourabaya, Sydney, Tientsin, Hamburg, Saigon
Branches:—
Tainam, Tokio, Taingan, Vladivostock.

CURRENT DEPOSIT Accounts are opened for approved customers, and Interest is allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum of daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

N. OTSUKA,
Manager.

Post Box No. 254.
Hornby Road, Bombay.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Subscribed Capital	£1,000,000
Paid-up Capital	£1,050,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£ 750,000
Reserve Fund	£1,050,000

HEAD OFFICE.
14, Gracechurch Street, London, N. C.

LONDON BANKERS.
The Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Bangkok	Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur
Batavia	Howrah	Madras
Bombay	(Calcutta)	Mauritius
Calcutta	Kandy	New York
Colombo	Karachi	Penang
Delhi	Kota Bhru	Rangoon
Galle	(Kalantan)	Shanghai
		Singapore

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
opened and interest allowed thereon at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business undertaken.

Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

NEW BRITISH WAR LOANS. The Bank undertakes applications for these Loans on account of Constituents and collection of interest therein as it falls due FREE OF COMMISSION.

E. B. CRICHTON,
Manager.
Nationals Bank, Bombay.

THE SHILOTRI BANK, LTD.

SHILOTRI BANK BUILDINGS, Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY

SAVINGS BANK
5%

Investments mainly in or against Terminable, "Government Securities and in securities admitted by the Insurance and the Trust Acts, thus Eliminating altogether, or Minimising to the lowest degree the danger of Loss or of Depreciation of Assets

It is not the bulk of Assets, but the Quality of Assets that counts for th Investor seeking a place for his unemployed balances

CURRENT ACCOUNTS 3% FIXED DEPOSITS 5% to 6½%

Apply DR. PRABHAKAR S. SHILOTRI, Managing-Director

5 %
WHY SAVE MONEY?
? ? ?

Because it is THE BEST FRIEND in time of need.
Because the coppers saved daily will provide for the education or marriage of your son or daughter when they are of age.
You can open a Savings Bank account with

8 Annas and upwards and it will earn 5 % Per Annum

Open the account to-day at the

INDUSTRIAL & EXCHANGE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.
7 A, Fort Street, opp. G. P. O., BOMBAY.
POST BOX 22. BRANCHES—AT KARACHI AND SURAT PHONE 67[illegible]

BANKING.

THE EASTERN BANK LTD

(Incorporated in England).

HEAD OFFICE:—4, Crosby Square,
London, E. C. 3.

BRANCHES.

Amara,	Bombay,
Baghdad,	Calcutta,
Bahrein,	Colombo,
Basrah,	Hillah,
Basrah City.	Mosul.

Authorised Capital	£2,000,000
Paid up Capital	£ 995,00
Reserve Fund	£ 286,00
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£1,005,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
The Rt. Hon. Lord Balfour of Burleigh, Kt. Chairman.
J. S. Haskell, Esq., Deputy Chairman.
Sir J. Leigh-Wood, K.B.E.
J. H. Batty, Esqr.
G. Bromley-Hartin, Esqr.
Meyer Sassoon, Esqr.

BOMBAY COMMITTEE.
A. J. Raymond, Esqr.,
Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji Gooculdas, Esqr.

BOMBAY BRANCH.
Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street

INTEREST allowed on deposits fixed for one or two years at the rate of 5½ per cent. per annum.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Fixed Deposits received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST allowed on Savings Deposit Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Copie of the Rules may be obtained on application

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, Loa and Credit granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange Business undertaken. Purchases and sales of British and Foreign securities effected on usual terms.

SECURITIES received for safe custod and interest and dividends collected for clients.

A. F. BUCKER,
Manager.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS BANK, LIMITED.

Head Office—APOLLO STREET, FORT.
Branch:—MUMBADEVI (in the City).

AUTHORIZED & ISSUED CAPITAL	Rs. 10,00,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	10,00,000
RESERVE FUND	97,407
CONTINGENCY FUND	1,15,700

DIRECTORS.
Sir Gocouldas Kahandas Parekh, Kt., Chairman.
The Hon. Mr. Mahomed Hajeebhoy, (Messrs. Hajeebhoy Lalji & Co.)
B. K. Ghose, Esq.
Lalji Govindji, Esq., (Messrs. Bhucandas Govandji & Co.).
Naranji Dayal, Esq. (Messrs. Premchand Chhaganlal & Co.).
Krishnadas Goverdhandas Mandiwala, (Messrs. Sakharam Manoharam).
Gopaldas Tricumji Jivandas, Esq. (Messrs. Tricumji Jivandas), Managing Director.

CURRENT DEPOSITS—Interest allowed at 3 per cent. per annum on Rs. 300 to Rs 1,00,000.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS—Interest allowed at 5 per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS—Interest allowed at 6½ per cent. per annum on Rs. 500 and upwards for twelve months. Rates for short term deposit may be ascertained from the Bank.

LOANS, CASH CREDITS AND OVER DRAFTS given on approved securities.

LOCAL DEMANDS BILLS collected free of charge.

Copies of rules may be obtained from the Bank on application.

GOPALDAS TRICAMJI,
Managing Director.

BANKING.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Capital Authorized	50,00,000	0	0
Capital Issued	50,00,000	0	0
Capital Subscribed	47,25,000	0	0
Capital Paid-up	18,23,254	15	2
Reserve Funds	15,70,254	2	0

Dividend at the rate of 14 per cent. per annum has been declared by the Bank on paid-up capital.

HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE.

BRANCHES:

Amritsar	Hyderabad (Sindh)	Multan City
Bombay	Jullundur	Montgomery
Cawnpore	Lahore City	Peshawar City
Calcutta	Jammu	Patiala
Delhi	Jhelum City	Quetta
D. I. Khan	Karachi	Rawalpindi
Ferozepore	Kasur	Sargodha
Gujranwalla	Lahore City	Sialkot
Gojra	Lyallpur	Srinagar
Hapur	Ludhiana	Umballa City
Hoshiarpur		

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of ½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT.—Sums as low as Re. 1 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.

INLAND TRADE BILLS, etc., of approved customers discounted and Demand Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers issued on stations where the Bank has Branches and Agencies.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to,—

SHRI RAJ MEKRA,
Manager.

INSURANCE.

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE:
7, Church Lane, CALCUTTA.

This purely Indian Company was the first to deposit Rupees Two Lakhs, in one instalment, with the Controller-General for the special security of the Policy-holders.
Sound Security, Lowest rates of Premium in India—Liberal Policy terms.
"It ranks as one of the soundest Insurance Companies on the East side of India."
For all forms of Assurance please apply to
P. BANERJEA,
Secretary.

RAM & CO.,
Managing Agents,
or
"DHURANDHAR BROTHERS",
Chief Agents,
Bombay Presidency C. P. Berar and C. I.,
303, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

HINDUSTAN CO-OPERATIVE INSURANCE SOCIETY LTD.

CALCUTTA.

Second Quinquennium Valuation Report recommends a Bonus of ½ per cent. on the sums assured for each complete year of assurance on Policies in the Ordinary Assurance Fund which become claims during the Quinquennium ending 30th April, 1922, after making a Special Reserve of Rupees One Lac.
Premium Reserve Fund exceeds Rs. 42,00,000.
The only Indian Life Office managed on sound democratic lines.
Prospectus and forms of Assurance can be sent on application to Head Office, or any Branch or Chief Agency Office in India.

S. R. KHOPKAR,
Manager,
Bombay Branch,
32, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay.

SAVARESSE'S
SANTAL
CAPSULES
PHYSICIANS RECOMMEND THEM.
Of all Chemists. Made in London.

UNION ASSURANCE SOCIETY LTD.
(Incorporated in England.)

Annual Fire Income Exceeds. £10,00,000
Total Assets. £23,70,000

We have been appointed Agents for the above Society for Fire Insurance business and are prepared to accept Risks at Tariff Rates.

KILACHAND TEVCHAND & Co.,
63, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
Tele. Address: "SEEDS".
Tel. No. 1885.

BEHAR CHEMICAL WORKS.
CURE CHRONIC CASES
By Correspondence
A golden opportunity for old sufferers from whatever diseases and for these given up by others. Remedies guaranteed free from harmless materials and cost of medicines refunded in case of failure. What do you want more? We treat all correspondence strictly confidential. Write at once with your full history and get cured.
DR. J. N. SEN, L.M.S.
Homeo and Bio-chemist, Prop.
Behar Chemical Works, Mihijam E.I.R.
Mention this paper while writing
Student patients get concession.

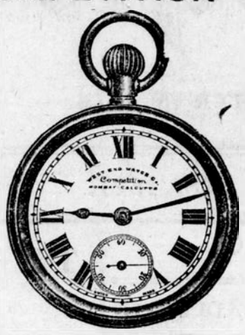
FRESH STOCK OF
Motor Hinds, Leather Cloth Rexines Turn Buttons, W. Hood Cloth, Chamois Leather has just arrived for MOTOR Works and Garages.
Enquiries are solicited.
H. A. Kadir & Co.,
Sandhurst Road,
Near Imperial Bank,
BOMBAY.

CHEAP PERFUME HOUSE,
Just unpacked
Best Selected France Perfumery of Messrs. Coty, Houligant, Bichara, Rigaud and Rodger, Gallet etc., etc.
THE
Praful Perfume Store,
Lohar Chawl, BOMBAY 2.

MARBLE BUST OF LOK. TILAK
The Marble bust of Lok. ordered by him and purchased by his Sons is now to be seen at his Gayakwad Wada, Poona.

His son writes:—
TO THE EMINENT SCULPTOR
MR. Wagh,
DEAR SIR,
The marble bust of my revered father the late Lok: Bal Gangadhar Tilak, which you made for us with such arduous labour has really been a complete success, and I liked it extremely. Other members of our family highly appreciated your work and we all pray to the Almightly for your prosperity. With kind regards.
Poona City, 11-2-1921. Sincerely Yours
(Sd.) Shridhar Balwant Tilak.
Similar busts and statues of Lok and other eminent persons will be available at the Premier sculpture studio, Girgaum Bombay.

THE WEST END
GOLD "COMPETITION" WATCHES



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14ct. GOLD..Rs. 115
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"Competition" watches are the most accurate and most durable watches ever put on the market at the price. They are rated in two positions and will not vary more than a fraction of a minute a day. They are warranted to maintain their accuracy of timekeeping under all conditions of rough usage in any climate or temperature.

Our illustrated Catalogue sent post free on request
WEST END WATCH Co.
373, Hornby Road, BOMBAY. | 14, Dalhousie Square, CALCUTTA.

Great Eastern Life Assurance Co., Ltd.

It is hereby notified that the Directors of the above Company have resolved to waive the condition inserted in their policies since February 1918, and in certain of their policies prior to that date, providing for a reduction in the Sum Assured in the event of the life Assured engaging in warlike operations. This waiver applies only to persons who have not been engaged in such operations and have not been in the regular Army or Navy, or if they have been so engaged, or have been in the regular Army or Navy, have now returned to civil life.

The clause in question wil not be inserted in future in policies on the lives of civilians who bave no prospect of engaging in Military operations.

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HIGH CLASS PERFUMERS
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ESCA SYRUP
IS THE BEST MEDICINE YOU CAN BUY FOR
Weak Chests, Coughs, Colds | Bronchitis, Consumption, Spitting of Blood.
If you have had influenza, Fever of Malaria, it will prevent all the bad after effects and make you a stronger man than before. Try one bottle and you will be surprised at its wonderful efficacy. You cannot by anything half as good anywhere. Rs. 2-8 per bottle of 4 oz. Dose one teaspoonful.
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CELEBRATED

LEVER WATCHES
ARE THE BEST
KNOWN THE WORLD OVER
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Nickel Gents	from Rs.	2 /
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Sun Glasses.
We are showing at present the largest and most comprehensive line of Sun Glasses, glare-glasses and automobile goggles. From Rs. 3 to Rs. 300 per pair.
They save eyes by day—and lives by night.
Spectacles and Eye glasses of every description and variety, and to suit every purpose.
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Superior texture mill and hand-loom dhoties.
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for functional troubles, delay, pain and those irregularities peculiar to the sex.
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is made to supply the needs of those who want a really reliable and efficient spinning wheel. Special features are:—
1. It is very convenient both for a beginner and an expert as the spindle can be rotated either at 40 or 70 revelutions for every turn of the hand wheel.
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Preventive and Curative
DISCOVERED & PERFECTED
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Extensively used and always found successful, the cure begins with the first dose, and all symptoms disappear soon after. During the last epidemic it
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BUSINESS communications of every kind (adver...ments, changes of address, etc.) should be addressed to the MANAGER. Advertisements intended for insertion in the next day's paper must reach the Office not later than 5 p. m.

ALL REMITTANCES should be made payable to the "Bombay Chronicle" and cheques crossed.

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SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED a SENIOR PROOF READER for day and night work whenever required. Must be a trained hand and quick in corrections. Apply sharp Box No. 607, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." A

WANTED a PROOF READER used to JOB and NEWS Work, must be a steady and trained hand. Men with newspaper experience need apply only to Box No. 986, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." A

WANTED Experienced or trained graduate capable of teaching, mathematics and another graduate. Good salary. Apply Box No. 4001, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." A R 308

WANTED IMMEDIATELY an experienced EUROPEAN DYER for a local Dye Works. Apply sharp to Box No. 4005, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." A 9485

WANTED—Experienced GODOWN KEEPER, for Cotton Jaitha business. Good salary and prospects for a selected candidate. Apply Box No. 3094 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." R296A A

WANTED — All-round CORRESPONDENCE CLERK, able to correspond correctly, also in Gujarati and Marathi. Apply with salary required in own handwriting to Box No. 4006, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." A R316

WANTED an experienced CORRESPONDENCE CLERK. Elderly man thoroughly conversant with business correspondence and knowledge of Gujarati, accounts preferred, fair salary according to qualification would be allowed. Apply Box No. 4007, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." A C9481

WANTED.—Influential Travelling CANVASSERS, to secure orders, for Swadeshi Piece-goods on Commission basis, throughout India, Burma and Ceylon. Apply K. SHANKERLAL & CO., Manek Chawk, Ahmedabad. A R 298

WANTED an energetic Parsi youth as an ASSISTANT to a SALESMAN in Wine and Spirit line. Apply with copies of testimonials to Box No. 4002 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." z z p z A 309

WANTED—DESPATCH CLERK, with knowledge of filing records. Good salary, to able and energetic candidate. Apply Box No. 3095 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." R296B A

WANTED—One GENERAL CLERK with Typewriting, good prospects. The Western India Electric Co., Ltd. Elphinstone Circle. A R345

WANTED Applicants seeking employments to consult with Messrs. KAPOOR and Co., Employment Suppliers, Fatehpuri Road, Delhi. A R348

WANTED Energetic and Influential Canvassers for Bombay for Empire of India Life Office. Liberal terms. Apply MANAGERS, 11, Elphinstone Circle. A R341

WANTED a qualified Lady Doctor to attend a Chemist shop in Fort. Apply to Box No. 4018, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." A R340

WANTED—Experienced CORRESPONDENCE CLERK, those having worked in Import-Export firms, need only apply in own handwriting with salary required and testimonials. Box No. 4005, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." A R315

WANTED an experienced Stores-keeper. Apply The INDIAN AUTOMOBILE CO., LTD., 320 Mint Road, Fort. State clearly experience, salary, references and other credentials. C9474

WANTED—A COMPETENT CLERK, with long experience in managing Fire Marine business, of a Cotton Firm. Good salary to qualified candidate. Apply Box No. 3093 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle" R296 C

SITUATION VACANT.

WANTED immediately only experienced Court and outdoor clerks for Solicitors' firm. Pay according to qualifications. Apply Box No. 4025, Advt., Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." A R9497

WANTED—A Surveyor for Land Survey. Must have experience of measuring the building works and preparing abstracts. Good pay for a competent man. Apply sharp to ABDULLA B. PEERMAHOMED, Architect, Sardar Mansion, 70, Apollo Street, Fort, A R9501

WANTED—At once an experienced SHORTHAND TYPIST for a firm of Solicitors Rs. 135 with prospects. Apply No. 4015, Advt Dept., Bombay Chronicle.' A R335

WANTED—Agents of travelling and literary taste preferred. Can earn from Rs. 20 to Rs. 100 daily. Apply enclosing one anna stamp to: THE SERVICE SUPPLY AGENCY, St. Thomas' Mount Madras. A R329

WANTED, for Northern India an European Forest Officer. It would be necessary, for successful candidates to possess an extensive knowledge of general forestry work combined with ability to economically fell, transport and cut timber. Liberal salary. Apply to, DOUGLI BROS, 265, Hornby Rd., Hornby House, Fort, Bombay. A R 339

WANTED—Immediately a thoroughly qualified and experienced ACCOUNTANT for a public Limited concern. Salary, according to qualifications. Only experienced men need apply. A. B. Com. will be preferred. Apply Box No. 3092, "The Bombay Chronicle" with testimonials. A C 9455

WANTED immediately for the Victoria High English School, Dewas 2, Central India, a B.Sc., as SCIENCE TEACHER on a salary, of Rs. 60-5-75 per month. Apply to the Undersigned, before 31st May, 1921, with testimonials stating past experience. B. N. BHAJEKAR, B.A., LL.B., Commerce and Education Member of Council, Dewas State 2 A C 9488

WANTED B.E. or L.C.E. or any other 1st rate man as whole-time Assistant to an Engineer in Bombay. Must be good at Theodolite Surveys, Construction and Theoretical calculations. Salary Rs. 150 to Rs. 200 according to qualifications. Good future prospects. Apply Box No. 4012, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." A R327

WANTED for the Crosthwaite Girls High School Allahabad, which is soon to be developed into a College for women lecturers in Mathematics, Philosophy and Science and trained lady graduates, to take up mathematics, Drawing and Science in the Training Department. Stating Pay Rs. 175 with free unfurnished quarters and provident Fund Lady graduates with honours degrees should apply stating age, nationality and other qualifications to the Secretary Crosthwaite Girl High School, Allahabad. 2. Training Classes attached to the Crosthwaite Girls High School opens in July next. 6 Scholarships of Rs. 20 p.m. each tenable for 2 years (ten months in each session) are offered to girls who have passed the Matriculation Examination and join the training classes. For detailed prospects of the Training College apply to the SECRETARY. A 9462

SITUATION WANTED.

CHEMIST, possessing thorough, practical experience, in seed-crushing Oil Refining and Analysis of Seeds, Oils, Cakes, Soaps, etc., OFFERS HIS SERVICES, to prospecting Capitalists and Oil Mill Owners. Write Box No. 4003, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." B R 310

HOUSE & FLATS TO TET.

CHAGLA MANZIL—TO BE LET a spacious Bungalow Upper Floor only, at Reynolds Road, Byculla Club Back Road. Apply to ALLIBHAI CHAGLA & Co., Kharak Bazar, near Musjid Station, or CHAGLA VILLA, Dadar. C R 243

TO BE LET—Small Godown—two Rooms, Modikhana, rent Rs. 30. Apply Box No. 4011, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." C R325

FOR SALE—Few New Woodstock Typewriters, New Gramophone Machine, at wholesale rate, can be seen at BHIMJI JAYRAJ & Co., next to Italian Restaurant, Chowpatty Seafacc. T R325A

TO LET—For Office purposes a big flat immediate possession. Apply Box No. 4024, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." C R347

TO LET—Big Godowns, of size 35ft. by 50ft. each at Mazagon. Please apply to Mr. Esmail Ebrahim Chunawala, Mafatpukhdy or Advt. Dept. Box No. 4013 "Bombay Chronicle." C R 324

TO LET—Suitable Offices, in Krishna Building, near Empire Theatre. Vicinity of Banks, Post Office and Railway Station. Electric Lights and Lift. Desirable neighbourhood. Apply to THE WESTERN INDIA TANNERIES LTD., on the premises. C C9496

TO BE LET—FLATS of most suitable accommodation in a newly built property at Rebeiro Street, West Agripada, near Byculla Club. Rent reasonable. Apply SALEMAHOMED PEERMAHOMED & CO., 2-10, Nishanpada Road, Khadak, or at the premises. C R317

TO LET—Specious GODOWNS, 50ft. by 25ft. height 17ft. entirely fire-proof, from 1st June at Anjirbag, Rose Cottage Line, Mount Road, Mazagon. Apply CHAMPSY BHIMJI & CO., on spot. C R318

TO LET very comfortable BLOCKS suitable for European and Parsi families, totally new building on Makba estate, opposite Richardson and Cruddas, Parel Road. Apply HIRJI GOVINDJI & CO., Baroda Street, Mandvi; or DHARAMSEY BHAVANJI, 2nd Panjapole Lane. C R268

TO BE LET.—Building on Plot No. 10 Ballard Pier Estate. OFFERS ARE INVITED from respectable firms for the LEASE of the above building either whole or in part for a term extending from one year to five years. The Building will be ready for occupation either at the end of May or June and is suitable for Banks, Offices etc., Brokers and House Agents need not apply. For Plans etc., see the Undersigned, K. G. TAMBE, L.C.E., Architect and Civils, Engineer, 30-32, Medows Street, Fort. C R 313

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A completely fitted Dispensary in Poona. Apply B. PATEL and Co., opposite Railway Hotel, Charni Road Junction. G R311

BOARD AND APARTMENTS

WANTED—A FLAT for a Hindu family, not Orthodox. Near about Grant Road Station, must have five rooms and bath & W.C. attached. Very careful and used to European habits. Reasonable offers considered. Replies to Box No. 605, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." E

WANTED—FOUR ROOMS with bath and kitchen for an up-to-date Hindu family. Must be in the Fort area or near about. Apply Box No. 606, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." F

HOUSES are Scarce and rents prohibitive while WE SEEK ROOMS. Any healthy locality. Parsee family please write fully to Box No. 4019 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." F R 342

MACHINERY, TOOLS, ETC.

FOR SALE—One plant complete with 200 B.H.P. Hornsley, Suction Gas Engine, Dynamo and spare parts, etc., Box No. 4022, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." K R346

WANTED—A 10 ton Steam Road, Roller quite new or almost new by some good maker—specification and quotation for the same should be sent sharp to The President Municipalities, Alwar (Rajputana). K C9499

WANTED TO PURCHASE—Second-hand or new Doubling Frames, Sizing machines and Warping machines. Apply with specification and full particulars with lowest rates to C. AARON & SONS, Weaving Establishment Pappinisseri (North Malabar). K R 330

BOOKS & STAMPS.

A Best Selection of latest French and English Novels going very cheap at King and Co., Booksellers, News Agents, Hornby Road, Bombay. L R285

EDUCATIONAL.

NEW SESSION of Davar's College of Commerce commences on the 6th June, in the New Larger Premises, at Great Western Hotel Building, Apollo Street, where the intending students should immediately apply for Prospectus. M R326

CITY SHORTHAND & TYPEWRITING STUDIO.—Opposite Whiteaway's, Fort, Bombay. The leading Institution in the East, recognised by Commercial Experts to be the best. Mang. Props. A. B. KAPADIA and F. J. DAVAR.

ALEXANDRA COMMERCIAL COLLEGE.—Students enrolled daily, for new term commencing, 7th June. Morning and evening classes in Book-keeping, Accountancy, Banking, Machinery of Business, etc. Shorthand Theory and Speed classes conducted by Professional expert. Fees moderate. Apply, PRINCIPAL, opposite Whiteaway. M R336

INSTITUTE OF COMMERCE—Established 1906—Sound Training in Book-keeping & Accountancy, Auditing, Banking, Law, etc., Imparted by Principals Messrs. A. J. Mukati and R. S. Bharucha (Late of the Kalkadevi Shorthand and Typewriting Institution): Fees Moderates, Enrolment Daily, Classes Morning and Evening, Kanta Terrace, Kalbadevi, Branch, Maratha High School Premises Sandhurst Road, Bombay Prospectus on Application. M

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

FOR SALE—BAILING PLANKS in large quantity. Immediate delivery, also a lot of hoop irons. Apply Box No. 610, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." N

GRAND REDUCTION SALE—Boots and Shoes—16th May to 16th June, 1921, Discount 2 annas per Rupee. RUSTOM KHAN and Co., Prag Mahal. T—R 241

SKIN DISEASES of any name and nature yield to almost magical effect of "SRI" Ointment and Soap. Soothes at a touch, draws out poison and effects speedy cure like a charm Get them from "SRI" Works, Beadon Sq., Calcutta, for Rs. 2/8. Money returned if no profit. R 331

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

DELICIOUS MANGOES of Pavai Estate which are being sent to England for over a century are now available at Pavai Estate, Head Office, 50, Medows Street, Fort, or at Lalbaugh Swadeshi Stores, Baya Mansions, Parel, or from Dawoodkhan Balekhan, Roshan Building, Ballasis, Road. 9408

CENTS' SUITINGS for hot weather "Lusitania Tussor" Cloth, specially manufactured for the Company. Piece for one suit complete (8 yards) Rs. 10 only. Apply to the AGENTS, INDO-LUSITANIA RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT CO., LTD., 110, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay. T C9296

THE Forest Economist, Forest Research Institute, Dehra Dun, will be glad to receive names, addresses and terms of business from firms dealing in Minor Forest Produce, such as, gums, resins, essential and fixe oils, fibres, flosses, lac, wild rubber, spices, drugs, ivory, dax, etc. as frequent enquiries are received requesting introductions to firms with whom business may be done in the above products. T C 9437

THE KALKADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament and other Europeans, etc. etc. Subjects:—"Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes." Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, GOPALDAS LALDAS, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay.

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WANTED—Purchasers of Punjab, made Khes (or cotton beddings) Purely Swadeshi, product. Moderate prices. Hand-some Commission, to smart agents. Trial order solicited. SITARAM MELARAM, Importers and Exporters, Rangmahal, Lahore. Telegrams: Svern. T R 300

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	Rs.
National Portable No. 3 with Case	125
Remington 7, 2 Cols., Rs. 120, Oliver 3...	125
Empire 2, Rs. 150, San, Back Spacer	150
Oliver 5, American Rebuilt, like new	190
Yost 20, Latest, Brief, little used	250
Remington 10, Visible, Rs. 210, 240	27.
Remington 10, Brief, Rs. 225, 11, Policy.	2...
Remington 10, Factory Rebuilt, Brief	32...
Underwood 5, new, used few days	325
Remington 10, new, used few days	375
L. C. Smith 5, Rs. 250, American Rebuilt	275
Oliver 9, American Rebuilt, Brief	275
Royal No. 5, Visible, 2 Cols., B. Spacer.	175

NICOLLS & COMPANY,
Typewriter Experts,
Opp. Petit Institute,
Hornby Road, Bombay.

GLOBE'S TYPEWRITER BARGAINS:—

	Rs.
Remington No. 10 Brief Size	220
Remington No. 8 Brief Size	110
Under wood No. 5 Latest, Leather Case	220
Oliver No. 9 Rebuilt Like New	200
Empire No. 2 with Back spacer	145
Empire No. 1 Fiscap Size. Visible	160
L. C. Smith Brief Size	195
Royal No. 5 Visible	125
7 Lbs. Fox Portable with case	165

Typewriter Supplies stocked. Repairs to all Makes of Typewriters. Terms moderate.

THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING & CO.,
Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay. Phone 4869 R

FINANCIAL.

WANTED—Rs. 2,50,000, on a Valuable Property Brokers not required. Apply Box No. 4017, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." R R 338

WANTED a SLEEPING PARTNER with the investment of Rupees 20,000. In a Profitable Business. Handsome chance and interest. Apply Box No. 3097, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." R R 302

TENDERS, AUCTION SALE.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of uniforms to the Forest staff of the Bombay Presidency, including Sind during the year ending 31st March, 1922. Form of tender and particular of uniforms to be supplied can be obtained on application to the Personal Assistant to the Chief Conservator of Forests at Poona. Tenders together with the samples of cloth to be submitted not later than 20th June, 1921, to The CHIEF CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS, Bombay Presidency, Poona. C9477 TA

MOTOR & ACCESSORIES.

FOR SALE—One Nash Truck, 2 tons, brand new with self-starter, price very moderate, write immediately Box No. 4004, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." JA R4004

LOST & FOUND.

A PUNJABEE boy named MALOOK alias Gianchand, aged 11 years, blackish colour with a cut mark on upper lip LEFT HIS HOME on 5th May, and is stilluntraceable. Any one giving his trace shall be awarded Rupees Fifty, HARBHAGWANDASS, Lahori Mansion, Golpitha, Bombay. P B C 9471

PUBLIC NOTICES.

SHORTHAND CLASSES AT SYDENHAM COLLEGE, BOMBAY.

SHORTHAND CLASSES—(Pitman's System) will be held at Sydenham College from June 10th onwards.

HOURS:—5-30 p.m. to 6-15 p.m., 6-15 p.m. to 7 p.m. Every day except Saturday, and at other times still to be arranged.

FEES:—(to be paid in advance).
5 lectures a week: Rs. 20 per term.
5 lectures a week (Speed Class): Rs. 16 per term.

ENTRANCE QUALIFICATIONS:—Matriculation or School Final, or a standard that may be regarded as equivalent to these.

Admissions are made daily, between 5 and 5-30 p.m., when the instructor can interview applicants.

An advanced speed class will be started if a sufficient number of applications is received.

Written applications to be addressed to
THE PRINCIPAL.
C9498

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. PADAMSI BHANJI, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, has purchased the undermentioned property, from Mr. Cawasji Jamsetji Kapadia, at the auction sale held on 1st day of May, 1921. All persons having or claiming any estate, right, title, interest, claim or demand in respect of the property or any part thereof by way of transfer, inheritance, maintenance, mortgage, sale, gift, lien, lease, charge, trust, use, share, partition, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office in Mercantile Bank Building, 52, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without regard to such claim or claims and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

All that vacant piece or parcel of Bhatti land or ground situate, lying and being at Borivli in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, District Thana, containing by admeasurement one acre and twenty-two gunthas and registered under Entry No. 18 and Survey No. 7 and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the North and West by the property of Chabildas Luloobhoy, on the South by the property of Mulji Dharamsi and on the East by Choti Bunder Road.

Dated this 27th day of May, 1921.

PAYNE & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
C9502

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE JAIN ASSOCIATION OF INDIA.

SCHOLARSHIPS FOR JAIN STUDENTS.

APPLICATIONS are invited by the Hony. Secretaries of the Jain Association of India, Pydhonie, Bombay No. 3, from the Jain Swetamber Murtipujak students studying, in Arts, Commerce, Medical and Engineering Colleges for scholarships to be awarded by this Association. Intending applicants should write, for the printed, application forms to the Hony. Secretaries.

Applications should reach before the 5th of June, 1921. C 9487

TILDEN NAROTTAM & CO. LTD.

GENERAL IMPORT & EXPORT MERCHNTS.

THE office of this Company is removing on the 30th May, from 46, Tamarind Lane to Standard Building, Hornby Road, Bombay. R 334

UNION BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

THE HEAD OFFICE of the BANK will REMOVE from 7, Murzban Road, to the Bank's new Premises in Apollo Street, on 9th June, next.

The Bank undertakes banking business of every description on favourable terms. All possible facilities rendered to constituents.

Copy of Rules on application.

A. B. OLIPHANT,
C 9411 Ag. Manager.

THE NATIVE SHARE & STOCK BROKER'S ASSOCIATION.

MEMBERSHIP CARDS of the above Association are offered for sale by the Defaulter Committee of the said Association. Intending purchasers should send in their written offers to the undersigned.

A. H. MADAN.
Hon. Secretary and Treasurer.
Dalal Street, Fort. C9363

FOR SALE.

BUILDING STONES such as Copry Khanki Bubble, Corner Stones, Metal Header, etc.

Also machine extracted "Sisal Hemp or Agave Fibre." For samples and rates apply to the AGENT, the Powai Estate, 50, Meadows Street, Fort.

THE FAZULBHOY MILLS, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at the Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company held on the 27th day of May 1921 a Dividend for the half year ending 31st March 1921 at the rate of Rs. 300 per share (free of Income Tax) has been declared and made payable at the Registered Office of the Company No. 137 Esplanade Road, Fort, on and after Saturday, the 28th day of May 1921 between 11-30 a.m. and 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Register of the Company on the 21st May 1921.

By Order,
CURRIMBHOY EBRAHIM AND SONS, LD.
Agents.
Bombay, 27th May, 1921. C9500

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

(Incorporated in England.)

ALTERATION OF TIMINGS OF TRAINS.

ON and from 1st June 1921 the timings of certain mail and passenger trains, on the G. I. P. system, will be slightly altered. 22 Up Poona Express will stop at Dadar.

For full particulars, see Sheet Time Table, exhibited at stations, or apply to the Station Masters or the undersigned

D. S. BURN,
Ag. General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 26th May, 1921. C9494

NOTICE

THE K. K. ELECTRIC SUPPLY & WEAVING MILLS CO. LTD.

(Incorporated in Rutlam.)

IN pursuance of a resolution passed at a Meeting of Directors, held on the 18th May, 1921, at the "Ranjit Bilas Palace" at Rutlam, we bring to the notice of the Shareholders of the above Company that those who have not paid their Allotment, or 1st Call, or 2nd Call monies, on their shares till now, should pay the said monies, together with interest thereon at 12 per cent. per annum from the due dates, on or before the 14th day of June 1921 at the Company's Office in Rutlam, between the hours of 11 a.m. and 4 p.m.

In the event of non-payment at or before the time mentioned above, the shares in respect of which the said monies are due, will be liable to forfeiture.

By Order
KESARSINGH
of Messrs. MANIRAM BHABHO
Managi
Rutlam, dated 24th May, 1921.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE BYRAMJEE JEEJEEBHOY COLLEGE OF COMMERCE.

REOPENS 13th June. Hours of Work, to 10-30 a.m. (S. T.). Students, prepared for the Senior Examinations, of the London Chamber of Commerce and the National Union of Teachers, (London) in Bookkeeping and Accountancy, Theory and Practice of Commerce, Business Methods, Banking and Currency, Shorthand and Type-writing. Admission fee Re. 1, Monthly fee Rs 3, Course completed, in one year. For further particulars, apply to the PRINCIPAL, opposite Churni Road Railway Station, Queen's Road. M R322

THE INDIAN NEWSPAPER CO. LD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTEENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the above-named Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Medows Street, Fort, at 4 p.m. (S. T.), on 28th May, 1921, to transact the following business:—

1. To adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Statements of Accounts made up to 31st December, 1920.
2. To confirm the appointment of Mr. M. R. Jayakar and Mr. M. S. Captain, as Directors.
3. To appoint Directors in place of Messrs. Tricumdas Dwarkadas and S. G. Banker who retire under Arts. 105 and 106 of the Articles of Association, but are eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint auditors for the year 1921, and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOK of the Company will be CLOSED from 21st May 1921 to 4th June 1921, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,
S. K. BANERJEE,
General Manager.

NOTICE.

THE MALABAR TIMBER COMPANY LIMITED.

SHARE CERTIFICATES of the above Company are now READY, and will be DELIVERED from 1st of June, 1921, to Shareholders in order of distinctive numbers. Shareholders are requested to apply either at the Registered Office in Bombay, or the Branch Office at Ahmedabad, where their Allotment Letters and Application and Allotment Money Receipts, or Split Tickets, or Temporary Share Certificates will be exchanged for Share Certificates.

For Jagabhai Manibhai & Co.,
/ Agents,
N. H. SETALVAD,
Manager.
90, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. C9356

50,000 HIGH CLASS COTTON BLANKETS.

READY FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.
Size 48in. by 78in., Rs. 2-4-0 each.
Size 48in. by 36in., Rs. 2-12-0 each.

IN KHAKI, FAWN, Grey and Red Colours. If required in white eight annas less. Delivered to any part of India by Post. These Blankets are now being used in India, Africa, Arabia, Mesopotamia, by European as well as Indians of all classes and creeds and continue to give universal satisfaction.

Over 10,00,000 Blankets sold in the year 1920.

Inquiries from Trade are invited, Apply:—
HARJIVAN VALJI,
17, Champagalli,
Near Mulji Jetha Market,
Bombay No. 2.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS, BOMBAY.
Telephone No. 521.

WEEKLY SALE.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD AND OFFICE FURNITURE.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 30th May, 1921, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.) at their Rooms No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, the following:—

Household and office furnitures, such as drawing room suites of sofas and chairs, armed and armless chairs, mirror, door cupboards writing and dressing tables, fancy teapoys, cupboards, one miscroscope, bookstands, one Oliver Typewriter etc.
Myscroscope machine
Half size Billiard table
One Ladies saddle
Harness, leather belts and pouches
35 vol Encyclopidia
12 vol Encyclopidia
8 vol Encyclopidia
One lot negative Printing frames and books
Carriage, horses, cycles etc.

CRAWFORD & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 28th May, 1921.

NASSERWANJEE SORABJEE & CO

AUCTION SALE.

Sale of iron cots, old teakwood ships fittings, old iron, old tanks, old furniture, canvas, old iron pipes, old iron water boiler, cabooses, old iron chain, etc., etc., to numerous auction.

Under kind instructions from The Director, Royal Indian Marine, Bombay, Messrs. NUSSERWANJI SORABJI and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on MONDAY, 30th May, 1921, at 2-30 p.m. and the following days as may be necessary in the compound of Alexandra Dock by the side of Blue Gate of Bombay. Sale will be subject to the approval the Director, Royal Indian Marine, Bombay. Purchasers will have to pay fifty per cent. deposit immediately when the lot is knocked down to him and remove suc hlot within fifteen days. In case of default the lot will be resold at his risk, if so occasioned, while he will have no claim to profit on such resale or to the amount of such deposit.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply ta the undersigned and the same will be declared at the time of sale.

NUSSERWANJI SORABJI & CO.,
Government Auctioneers,
No. 71, Frere Road, Fort, Bombay.
Bombay, 28th May, 1921.

SALE BY AUCTION.

MESSRS METHA & CO.

On Government and G. I. P. Railway Lists.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY HIGH CLASS FURNITURE AT THE BUNGALOW NO. 1 CUFFE PARADE, COLABA.

On SUNDAY, the 29th instant, at 2-30 p.m., (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Bungalow No. 1, Cuffe Parade, Colaba, the very valuable handsome and latest artistic designed highly polished household and office furniture by Messrs. John Roberts, Devji Kanji and other well-known makers consisting of sliding dining tables, rich polished dining chairs, Queen Anne and Louies pattern side-board, dinner wagons, dumbwaiters, fan and moon pattern spring cushioned drawing room complete suite of sofa and chairs, artistic hall cabinets, milners safes, revolving roll top office tables. Indian band carved tables and teapoys, full compass solid mahogany iron framed semigrand cottage piano, rich Persian carpets, chesterfield sofas and chairs, historic and oleograph pictures, bedroom double and single almirahs, cloth and gown presses, dressing chests of drawers, marble-top dressing and washing tables, iron and wooden double and single beds, rich plated-ware, English glassware and crockeryware, etc., etc.

The property of W. S. Sharpe, Esqr., Director of Telegraphs Bombay Circle.

Catalogues are published and the property on view.

AUCTION SALE OF GOVERNMENT CLOTHING.

On TUESDAY, the 31st instant, at 10 a.m., (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA & CO., will sell, by Public Auction, at the Surplus Textiles Sales Depot at Colaba (thee premises of the old army clothing factory) by order of the Assistant Controller, Surplus Textiles Sales of the Indian Munitions Board, a very large lot of Government clothing consisting of Mosquitto netting, socks worsted, clothing, Puttoo cloth, Pugricloth, shirts and other miscellaneous articles. The above goods can be seen at the place of Auction.

Cash will be required at the time of Sale and the goods to be removed at the same time.

AUCTION SALE OF TWO VERY VALUABLE PROPERTIES AT KHADAK STREET ALIAS DABRA GULLI OUTSIDE THE FORT OF BOMBAY.

On WEDNESDAY, the 8th of June, 1921, at 4-30 p.m., (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA & CO., Auctioneers, will sell, by Public Auction, at the premises, the undermentioned very valuable properties under instructions from Messrs. Hirji Khetsey and Co., and on account and at the risk of the defaulting Mortgagors Messrs. Kallianji Vardhman, Kanji Vardhman and Narsey Vardhman in exercise of the power of sale and all other powers in that behalf vested in the Venders as the mortgagees under the indenture of mortgage bearing date the 10th day of May, 1918 and made between the mortgagors and their mother Bai Virbai of the one part and the vendors as the mortgagees of the other part and the indenture of mortgage bearing date the 8th day of June 1918 and made between the Mortgagor Kallianji Vardhman of the one part and the Vendors as the Mortgagees of the other part and the agreement dated the 8th day of April, 1919 and made between the said Virbai and the Mortgagors of the first part the Said Kallianji Vardhman of the second part and the Vendors as the mortgagees of the third part.

FIRSTLY:—all that piece or parcel of land or ground of the quit and ground rent tenure with the messuage tenament or dwelling house standing thereon situate on the East side of the Chamber Wada first road otherwise Israil Mholla Cross Lane otherwise Israil Mholla Cross Lane otherwise Khadak Street in the Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 206 square yards or thereabouts registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's old Nos. 980, 1061 new No. 6710 Old Survey No. 326 and New Survey No 2/2373 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward No. 1729 Street No. 17/21 Khadak Street and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the East by the Public Passage and Israil Mohlla on or towards the West by the said Chamber Wada first Road otherwise Israil Mohlla first lane otherwise Khadak Street aforesaid on or towards the North partly by the property of Joseph Ezekiel and partly by the property of Khanbai widow of Haskiel Borakar and on or towards the South by the property formerly of Madan Teisey and Vardhman Nensey and now of Lalji Lakhamsey and Keshavji Hansraj together with their appartenances and which said premises are now in the occupation of the said Bai Virbai widow of Vardhman Jetsey or her tenants.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of land of quit and ground rent tenure containing by admeasurement 176 1/9 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 1054 New Nos. 6779 Old Survey No. 318 and New Survey No. 2904 together with the messuage tenements or dwelling house standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under B Ward No. 1717 and Street No. 18/20 and all which premises are situated at and on the Western side of the Khadak Street at Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and are bounded on or towards the East by the said Khadak Street on or towards the West by the vacant land belonging to Keshavji Jadavji on or towards the North and South by a sweeper's passage and were formarly and are now in the occupation of the said Bai Virbai widow of Vardhman Jetsey or her tenants.

Further particulars and conditions of sale and inspection of Title Deeds can be had of the Vendors' attorneys Messrs. Captain and Vaidya at their office at 121, Esplanade Road, Fort, or of the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF VACANT PLOTS OF LAND AND PROPERTIES AT BHANDUP.

On SUNDAY, the 12th of June, 1921, at 4-30 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs. Mehta and Co., Auctioneers, will sell, by Public Auction, at the place the Undermentioned very valuable plots of land and properties under instructions from Messrs. Hirji Khetsey and Co., and on account and at risk of the defaulting mortgagors Messrs. Kallianji Vardhman Kanji Vardhman and Nursey Vardhman in exercise of the power of sale and all other powers in that behalf vested 4 in the Vendors as the mortgagees under the indenture of mortgage bearing date the 10th day of May 1918 and made between the Mortgagors and their mother Bai Virbai of the one part and the Vendors as the Mortgagees of the other part and the indenture of mortgage bearing date the 10th day of June 1918 and made between the Mortgagor Kallianji Vardhman of the one part and the Vendors as the mortgagees of the other part and the agreement dated the 8th day of April 1919 and made between the said Virbai and the Mortgagors of the first part and the said Kalianji Vardhman of the second part and the Vendors as the Mortgagees of the third part.

LOT NO. 1.

All that piece or parcel of land containing by admeasuremet about 19 Acres 33 Gunthas 278 square yards situated in the Island of Salsette in the Zilla of Thana in the Registration Sub-District of Salsette being a part of Bhandup estate of which no Government Survey has been made and bounded as follows: on or towards the West by the Bombay Agra Road on or towards the South by the Road leading from the Bhandup station to meet the Bombay Agra Road on or towards the East partly by the Railway Line and partly by the Kanjur Khote land bearing Pavai Survey No. 169 and on or towards the North by part of the Kanjur Khote Estate bearing survey No. 169 of Pavai Khote and by Bhandup Gowthan.

LOT NO. 2.

FIRSTLY.—All that piece or parcel of Khote land or ground with the hereditar-

SALE BY AUCTION.

MESSRS METHA & CO.

(Contd.)

and premises standing thereon situate in the Khote Village of Bhandup (whereof no Government survey has been made and therefore bears no survey Nos. or entry Nos.) in Pote Tukdi Sastee Jilla Thana admeosuring 3¼ of a Pand or thereabouts and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by the Agra Road, on or towards the West by the property of Krashnaji Govind Sane on or towards the South by the land belonging to the Khote of Bhandup and on or towards the North by the property of Gopal Dhondhia Chorga with the appertenances and which said premises were formarly and are now in the occupation of the said Bai Virbai widow of Vardhman Jetsey or her tenants.

SECONDLY.—All that piece or parcel of Khote land or ground with hereditaments and premises standing thereon situate in the Khote village of Bhandup (whereof no Government Survey has been made and therefore bears no survey numbers or Entry numbers) in Pote Tukdi Sastte Jilla Thana admeasuring ¾ of a Bigha or thereabouts and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by the Property of Laxaman Ramji on or towards the West by the property of Ranchod Shimpi on or towards the South by the property of Dhondhu Ganu Chorga and the road leading to the Tank and on or towards the North by the property of Dhondhu Ganu Chorga with their appertenances and which the said premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of the said Bai Virbai widow of Vardhman Jetsey or her tenants.

THIRDLY.—All that piece or parcel of Khote land or ground with the hereditaments and premises standing thereon situate in the Khote village of Bhandup (whereof no Government survey has been made and therefore bears no survey numbers or entry numbers) in Pote Tukdi Sastte, Jilla Thana admeasuring 4¼ of a Pand or thereabouts and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by the land belonging to Ganu Madhoo Patil on towards the West by the land belonging to Daya Dhulia and or towards the North by land belonging to Rambhao Kasaria and or towards the South by the Garden land belonging to the Khote of Bhandup with their appertenances and which said premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of the said Bai Virbai widow of Vardhman Jetsey or her tenants.

FOURTHLY—All that piece or parcel of Khote Land or ground with the hereditaments's and premises standing thereon situate in the Khote village of Bhandup (whereof no survey has been made and therefore bears no survey number and entry numbers) in Pote Tukdi Sastte Jilla Thana admeasuring 3¼ of a Pand or thereabout and bounded as follows that is to say on towards the East by the property of Sindia Jadav Patil, on towards the West and North by the property of Baloo Hasha Pawar and on or towards the South by the property of Dhandhi Nathia Kolvekar together with their uppertenances and which said premises were formerly and are now in the occupation the said Bai Virbai widow if Vardhman Jetsey or her tenants.

LOT NO. 3.

All that piece or parcel of Khote land or ground with the hereditaments and premises standing thereon situate in the Khote village of Bhandup (whereof no Government survey made and therefor bears no survey number or entry numbers) in Pote Tukdi Sastte Jilla Thana admeasuring 4¼ of a Pand and 4¼ Kathias equivalent to 1795 7/9 square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by the land belonging to Khimji Teipal Mota on or towards the West and South by land belong formerly to Narayan Appa Dandekar and now of the said Bai Virbai widow of Vardhman Jetsey and or towards the North by the land belonging to the Khote of Bhandup together with their uppertenance and which said premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of the said Bai Virbai widow of Vardhman Jetsey or her tenants.

LOT NO. 4.

All that piece or parcel of Khoti land or ground with the hereditaments and premises standing thereon situate in the Khoti village of Bhandup (whereof no Government survey has been made and therefore bears no survey numbers or entry numbers) in Pote Tukdi Sastte Jilla Thana admeasuring 5 Gunthas or thereabouts equivivlent to 827 square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows that is to say on towards the East and North by land formerly belonging to Narayen Atmaram Alia Appa Dandekar and now of the said Bai Virbai widow or Vardhman Jetsey and on or towards the South by the land belonging to Kalianji Vardhman together with the uppertenances and which said premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of Bai Virbai widow of Wardhman Jetsey or her tenants.

LOT NO. 5.

All that piece or parcel of Khoti land or ground with the hereditamants and premises standing thereon situat in the Khoti village of Bhandup (whereof no Government Survey has been made and therefore bears no survey numbers or entry numbers) in Pote Tukdi Sastte Jilla Thana admeasuring 4223 square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by the Agra Road on towards the West partly by the property of Dhondhu Ganu Chorga and partly by land belonging to the said Kalianji Vardhman on or towards the South by the property belonging to said Kalianji Vardhman and on or towards the North by the property belonging to Khimji Teipal together with their uppertenances and which said premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of Bai Virbai widow of Wardhman Jetsey or her tenants.

LOT NO. 6.

All that piece or parcel of Khoti land or ground with the hereditaments and premises standing thereon situate in the Khoti village of Bhandup (whereof no Government survey has been made and therefore bears no entry numbers and Survey number) in Pote Tukdi Sastti Jilla Thana admeasuring 7572 square yards or thereabout and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by a Nalla and beyond it by the Public road on or towards the West partly by the property of Natha Odaji Seth and partly by the Road leading to the tank and partly by the property of Rambhao Babaji Seth on or towards the South partly by the Road leading to the Tank and partly by the Land belonging to Ganpat Dandu Chorga and on or towards the North partly by the land belonging to Rambhao Babaji Seth and partly by the land of Dhala Dhula and partly by the property of Ganpat Dandu Chorga together with their uppertenances and which said premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of the said Kalianji Vardhman or his tenants.

LOT NO. 7.

All that piece or parcel of Khoti land or ground with the hereditaments and premises standing thereon situate in the Khoti village of Bhandup whereof no Government survey has been made and therefore bears no Survey Numbers or entry numbers) in Pote Tukdi Sastti Jilla Thana admeasuring 185 square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East, West and South by land formerly belonging to Chaturbhuj Lakhaji and now of the said Kalianji Wardhman and on or towards the North by the Land belonging to Rambhao Babaji Dandekar together with their uppertenances and which said premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of said Kalianji Vardhman or his tenants.

Further particulars printed conditions of sale and inspection of Title Deeds can be had [illegible] Vendors' Attorneys Messrs. Captain [illegible] at their offices at 121, Esplanade [illegible]t, or of the Undersigned.

MEHTA & CO.
Auctioneers.

[illegible] 28th May, 1921.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY SITUATE AT CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

Under instructions from the Mortgagee, Mr. Phirozeshah M. Murzban and on account and at the risk of Govind Gangadhar Koperker, the Mortgagor, and in pursuance of the Power for sale conferred, by the Indenture of Mortgage, dated the 10th day of May, 1920, MESSRS. BENNETT & CO., will on WEDNESDAY, the 22nd day of June, 1921, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), sell by public auction on the premises the undermentioned property.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being at Church Gate Street, within the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 89 7/9 Square yards or thereabout and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 159 New No. 5009, Old Survey No. 71, New Survey No. 3360 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under A Ward No 1339, Street No. 22 and bounded as follows:—that is to say on or towards the East by the house of Rustomji Merwanji Bilimoria, on or towards the West by the house of Cursetji Byramji Polishwalla on or towards the South by the said Church Gate Street, and on or towards the North by the house of Dady Sett.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Mr. F. P. Pavri, Solicitor at Great Western Buildings, Bake House Lane, Fort or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF GALVANISED AND CORRUGATED STEEL SHEETS.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 28th instant, sell by Public Auction, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), at their rooms, by order of the office concerned and on account and risk of the defaulting indentor Mr. Rupchand Chogalal Lalvani of Miza Street, Parsi Gully, Bombay the following bundles marked M/1825/CO No. 1/468.

70 Bundles 840 sheets 7ft. by 8/3ft. by 24 G.
70 Bundles 980 sheets 6ft. by 8/3ft. by 24 G.
85 Bundles 850 sheets 8ft. by 8/3 by 24 G.
80 Bundles 730 sheets 9ft. by 8/3ft. by 24 G.
163 Bundles 1,304 sheets 10ft. by 8/3ft. by 24 G.

Marked M/1825/CO No. 469/524.
56 Bundles 448 sheets 10ft. by 8/3ft. by 24 G.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

On TUESDAY, the 31st May, 1921, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at "Glenrose", Apollo Bunder, opposite the Taj Hotel, very valuable and handsome made-to-order teak and blackwood, plain and carved, household furniture, by Wimbridge, Devjee Canji and others, glass, crockery and platedware, dining table, arm and without arm chairs, side board and dumbwaiter, rich woollen carpets and durries, drawing room suite of sofas, and chairs, Chesterfield cabinets, copper greysers for bath, ornaments, silver cabinets, writing tables, glass door book cases, rocking chair, single and double bedsteads, mirror almyrahs, dressing chest of drawers, dressing and wash-hand tables, cloth and gown presses, ice box, on large refrigerator, meatsafe, utensils, one large English gas stove, etc., etc.

The property of Oscar Stanton, Esq., of Messrs. The Tata Publicity Corporation, Ltd. and others.

Catalogues will be published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF SOFT YELLOW METAL SHEETS.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will THIS DAY SATURDAY, the 28th instant, sell by Public Auction, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), at their rooms at No. 120, Apollo Street, by order of the office concerned and on account and risk of the defaulting indentors Messrs Ramchandra Jagdishsaran of Warden Road, Bombay, the following yellow metal sheets:—

30 bundles yellow metal sheets soft quality 4ft. by 4ft.
25 bundles yellow metal sheets soft quality 4ft. by 4ft.
30 bundles yellow metal sheets soft quality 4ft. by 4ft.
15 bundles yellow metal sheets soft quality 4ft. by 4ft.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 28th May, 1921.

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTIONEER.
Telephone No. 4227.

AUCTION SALE OF 32 PACKAGES DYED COTTON COATINGS, 21 PACKAGES SATIN DRILL, 17 PACKAGES BLACK ITALIANS, 2 PACKAGES POPLINETTE.

On TUESDAY, 31st May, 1921, at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.), MESSRS. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, No. 52, Medows Street, by order of Messrs. R. P. Wagle & Co., and on account and at the risk of the following defaulting Indentors:

On account and at the risk of Messrs. A. K. Premchand and Co.
3711/13 3 packages Satin Drills.
On account and at the risk of Messrs. Madhavdas Karsondas.
3769/73, 3782/86 10 pkgs. Satin Drills.
On account and at the risk of Pandya M. Chhaganlal:—
71/2, 84, 3 pkgs. Stitched Bordered Black Italians.
3709/10, 3369/71, 5 pkgs Satin Drills.
On account and at the risk of Messrs. D. Ghelabhai & Co.
3704/8, 3714/16, 3719/20 10 Pkgs. Dyed Cotton Coatings.
74/83 10 Pkgs. Stitched Bordered Black Italians.
On account and at the risk of Messrs. Amerchand Kapurchand.
3872/74, 3 packages. Satin Drill.
On account and at the risk of Messrs. Ranchhoddas Lawajee.
73, 85/87, 4 Pkgs Stitched Bordered Black Italians.
On account and at the rick of Messrs. Kalianji Vithaldas:
3690/5, 3692/98, 3701 and 3703. 15 pkgs. Dyed Cotton Coatings.
On account and at the risk of Messrs. D. Patel & Co.,
3901/2, 2 pkgs. Dyed Cotton Coatings.
On account and at the risk of Sunderjee Virjee.
3813/17 5 pkgs. Dyed Cotton Coatings.
On account and at the risk of Messrs. Abdul Rader Abdul Rehaman.
1/2 2 pkgs. Poplinette.

Deposit of 25 per cent. will be required
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

GANDHI & CO.
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 28th May, 1921.

SALE BY AUCTION

MESSRS SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO..

Auctioneers and Commission Agents,
(21, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.)

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY, SITUATE AT GRANT ROAD AND AT POWVALA ROAD, OUT OF FORT, BOMBAY.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., will under instructions of Messrs. Madhavjee Thakersey and Ramdas Ranchoddas, the Mortgagees, and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Abdul Kadar Ebrahim Gunjawala and Abbasbhoy Hyderbhoy Baxamusa, the Mortgagors in exercise of the power of sale reserved to the said Mortgagees under an Indenture of Mortgage dated the 29th day of October, 1918, and Indenture of Further Charge dated the 12th February, 1919, and made between the said Mortgagors of the one part and the said Mortgagees of the other part, sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 31st May, 1921, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), the undermentioned property on the premises:—

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY.

All those four pieces or parcel of redeemed Foras Freehold land together with the messuage tenements and dwelling houses standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Powvala Road and Grant Road, without the Fort in the Registration District and Sub-District of Bombay formiag part of a larger piece of land originally the property of the lessors which whole piece of land was formally registered by the Collector of Land Revenuse under Old Nos. 161, 161, 422, 422, 443-479, 480 and 501 and New Nos. 13668, 13669, 13927, 13928, 13953, 13994, 14105, and 15933, Old Survey Nos. 179, 179 and 180 and New Survey Nos. 1-7371 and 1-7384, which said smaller pieces are assessed by the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward D. Nos. 2061(1), 2062(2) and 2062 (1A) and Street Nos. 1, 1A, and 2A. and which said pieces are bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the North and West by the property belonging to the estate of the late Gopaldas Madhavdas, on or towards the South by the property of Hormasjee Merwanjee Kavarana, on or towards the East by Powvala Road, and which said premises of land contain by admeasurement 1,263 square yards or thereabouts.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application may be made to Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram and Madan, Attorneys, for the Mortgagees at their Office, 9, Bell Lane Fort, or to the Undersigned Auctioneers.

IMPORTANT TO BUNDER DEALERS.

AUCTION SALE of 16 casks of Salammoniac and 100 bales of "Eagle" Brand old newspapers.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY the 30th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), at their Sale Room in 21, Medows Street, at the instruction of the office concerned, and on account and at the risk of defaulting purchaser Mr. Dharsey Currumsey Vadgadi, Mandvi.

100 bales of "Eagle" Brand old newspapers, per ex. S. S. "Warturn" and "Mesopotamia" and lying in No. 7, duty paid Warehouse, Princes Dock.

16 casks Salammoniac,
per ex. S. S. "Mesopotamia" and lying in No. 2 and 3 duty paid Warehouse, Princes Dock.

25 per cent. deposit to be paid on the spot and balance within four days against delivery order.

Invoice weight to be accepted and paid for.

IMPORTANT TO BUNDER DEALERS.

AUCTION SALE of 200 barrels of Spences Lump Alum.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on TUESDAY, the 31st instant at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), at Port Trust, Sassoon Dock Godown No. E. 327 at the instructions of the office concerned and on account and at the risk of Messrs. N. M. Hurgovandas and Co., Vadgadi, Mandvi.

200 barrels of Spences Lump Alum.
Per ex. S. S. "Moora" and "Kurmark."
Invoice weight to be accepted and paid for.
25 per cent. deposit to be paid on the spot and balance within four days against delivery order.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
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Bombay, 28th May, 1921.

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Established 1830.

Treachers *** Heart Labelled Brandy
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Messrs. K. D. and Brothers present To-night and This Week Episodes 10—11—and 12—of their powerful Serial

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Featuring the three pre-eminently famous Stars.

GRACE CUNARD, FRANCIS FORD AND EDDIE POLO.

The great battle between the rival King's and the utter rout of King Phillip's army—a terrible fight between Count Hugo and Rolleaux on the top of an express train—the amazing horse riding on steep mountain sides—Lucille's daring escapades—these follow in a quick succession in this Week's Instalment.

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May Hutchinson shoots her kind benefactor mistaking him as her persecutor. The plot becomes interesting as she is suspected to be the accomplice of Baron Ferry.

Five Shows To-day and To-morrow at 3-30; 5-30; 7; 8-45 and 10-30 p.m. (S.T.)

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(SANDHURST ROAD.)

Please note that there will be no Prize shows on and after 1st June 1921.

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"THE MADCAP OF THE VELD"
An absorbing story of Love, Treachery and Illicit Gold-buying on the famous South African Gold Fields.
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Messrs. K. D. and Brothers present To-Night and This Week Episodes 7 and 8—(5000 feet)—of their exceedingly popular High-Class Society Serial

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"When we Love"
"When we Love"

The plot is now very exciting and interesting, Sabine tries to remove Maxim's wife from her path. The executors of the Blood-stained Marriage Contract now fall foul of each other, and Sabine now threatens Maxim to expose him before the the world! See what startling results follow in this Week's Instalment of this Social Serial-de-Luxe

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The Serial will be finished in only Four Weeks.

The latest Topical Budget and a Comedy in the Programme.

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THE EM[illegible]

To-day & Tom[illegible]
3-30 6, 8-15 and [illegible]
MADAN THE[illegible]
Present the Second "S[illegible]
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Life and Aspiration produ[illegible]
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Narad.....Master Moha[illegible]
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Joan Mayne as "Phyllis" and N[illegible] Thrope-Mayne as "Dick" Marjory Clark as "Kara Glynesk"

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IN
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From Nat Goodwin's
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A Romance for those who are twenty-one years old and young.
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OR

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OF

SHREE DUTTA

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ECONOMIC & FINANCIAL REVIEW.

BY "KRISTODAS."

Rehabilitating Securities.

The Government of India have found out a good means of satisfying the anxious people of several estimable gentlemen by appointing Committees to consider different matters. It gives a thrill of pleasant satisfaction to read one's name in thick types in Government communiques announcing the personnel of Committees and to receive personal letters from gods on the Olympic. Human nature is weak after all and despite the Mahatma's campaign many of us have not been able to triumph over this feeling of elation referred to here. However all these mental facts do not concern our humble Chronicle here and he should begin to deal with positive hard facts. One of these Committees is concerned with the question of rehabilitating Government securities on which the gallant knight of Nagpur dilated at such length in the Council of State. Human psychology is a very queer thing. When someone describes a string of grievances of a particular section of the Society there is manifested at once a maudlin sentimentality and a rush in redress the grievances without considering the pros and cons of the whole affair or thinking if any other classes of the Society are affected by the same evils or if the redress of evils of one particular section will be to the greatest good of the greatest number. When Sir Manekji Dadabhai dilated on the falling securities there was a cry of "widows and orphans in distress". It was assumed that the majority of holders of these securities were widows and orphans and charitable institutions. The Government have not published the information as to which proportion of the 3½ per cent. securities is in the hands of widows and orphans and which proportion in the hands of Indian States, Bankers, Insurance Companies and Zamindars. Surely all these do not stand in need of tears of sympathy either from the Government or the public nor in need of measures to allay their sufferings.

The resolution moved by Sir Manekji in the Council of State ran as follows:—"This Council recommends to the Governor General in Council that a Committee consisting of members of this Council or of members of this Council and the Legislative Assembly be appointed with powers to take evidence to explore the possibilities of improvement in the position of the existing Government stocks, and to advise Government on the question of future loans, both for State purposes and for Railway and Irrigation purposes." The Hon'ble Mr. Cook moved an amendment to this that for the words "a Committee consisting of members of this Council" down to the end of the resolution, the following words be substituted:—

The financial policy of Government be directed as to ensure the early rehabilitation of Government securities, with due regard to the necessity of funding the temporary debt and to the provision of capital expenditure for productive purposes".

The Financial Secretary thus adroitly got the scope of the Committee restricted merely to the question of rehabilitation and the question of future loans was taken away from its purview. The amendment was carried and as a result we had recently a Committee in Calcutta and have now a Committee sitting in Bombay to consider the question referred to above.

Reasons for Appointment of Committees.

It is said, at least Sir Manekji mentioned it, that the main reason is to give facility to holders of securities and to cope with "the important problem of raising money for capital expenditure which will only grow in intensity and extent with years." He observed that the failure to raise money would leave to Government the only alternative of fresh heavy taxation, however attenuated the resources of the people. Whatever may be said of the grievances of poor holders of Government securities there is no doubt about the fact that the principal reason is to give relief to large holders of Government securities and to make the path for future issues much safer. The work of the Committee therefore is intimately concerned with the future borrowing programme of the Government, that is their financial operations. There is much talk about the new powers of the Legislative Assembly under the Reforms Scheme. To those who find a new Heaven and Earth in the Reformed Councils the recent incident of the seven per cent. stirling loan will come as a much needed reminder of their limitations. The Rehabilitation Committee appointed in Bombay consists of a large majority of Indians with such a renounced financier and expert as Mr. Dadiba Dalal as Chairman. We are sure that the Committee will, in absence of terms of reference, conceive their mark in a broad spirit and not consider themselves tied down to the question of merely giving advice as to the raising of the price of Government paper. The undamental question is why is borrowing found to be necessary? Every Government has to borrow but specially those Governments which do not follow Mr. Linawher's advice about retrenchment. The Government of India is tiding up military expenditure in this country to a colossal extent and it will not be out of place if the Committee enters a strong and emphatic protest against the military incubus. The Committee can, also press upon the attention of the authorities in this connection the extreme necessity for making an early declaration regarding the grant of complete final autonomy to the country. This is not a far fetched idea a tall. Even a tyro in Finance knows that the borrowing powers of a Government are entirely dependent upon the degree of confidence it inspires in the people. The ways and methods followed by the Government of India both on political and financial sides during the last two years are not calculated to make Government issues a particularly favourite form of investment. Numerous suggestions will be coming in from different quarters concerning questions before the Committee. It will be however merely a waste of time to consider all these till the principal question of complete autonomy for India is solved satisfactorily. There is the use for all such minor alterations and amendments as long as the root cause viz. our utterly helpless and dependent financial position remains unremedied!

Procedure of Committees.

We do not know if the attention of the public has been drawn to the procedure adopted recently by the Government of India with regard to Committees appointed by them. Take for instance Income Tax and Government Securities Rehabilitation Committees. Separate Committees were appointed at Calcutta, Bombay and Madras with regard to Income Tax, while with regard to the latter separate Committees are appointed at Calcutta and Bombay. One main advantage of such Committees is that they serve to focus upon questions entrusted to them the attention of experts who in their report will from their own standpoint give the views of India as a whole. Under the new system Government will get view of Calcutta and Bombay separately. Even with regard to these we understand the Committee at either place is not placed in a position to know what the Committee at the other side has said. Such an arrangement is distinctly harmful as we are left in utter ignorance of what India as such has to say with regard to particular problems. We get instead, if we get at all, views of the two principal cities of the country without any attempt being made to correctate their views as a whole. The Government under the astute guidence of the Hon. Mr. Hailey appears to have introduced the principle of "divide and rule" even in Committee matters. Such an important Committee as the Rehabilitation Committee is again arranged to conduct its proceedings behind the Purdah. The Indian Merchants' Chamber protested against this as also against the policy of inviting a few public associations only to give evidence. The Government appears to have relaxed the latter rule as appears from a communique published recently but not the decision to have the proceedings behind the Purdah. The Hon. Mr. Hailey in his speech on the subject in the Council of State observed. "It is always difficult to discuss publicly and in formal committees, matters which may affect the finances of the institutions which the members represent. It will be difficult to come to any recommendation without materially affecting the money market. "This is beating about the bush. Loom presses for the deliberations of the Committee themselves being made public. All that is wanted is conducting the proceedings in public that is allowing the evidence and cross examination of witnesses to be published. One cannot understand how such a publication will affect the money market. On the same the proceedings even of the proposed Tariff Commission may be kept secret as otherwise people may be found to take advantage of evidence which may be put forward before it. Such pleas however are entirely wrong and misleading. The public must have the Legislative Assembly put down in so many words the principle that all such Committees and Commissions should carry on their inquiries in public unless some special reason is shown to the contrary.

Port Trust Board.

Talking of the private nature of the enquiry being carried on by the rehabilitation committee, leads us to enquire as to why proceedings of the Bombay Port Trust Board are always carried on behind the Purdah and are never allowed to see the light of the day. Our readers must be remembering how the proceedings of the Improvement Trust were for a very long time kept secret till through the incessant efforts of the doughty fighter of those times—Sir Dinshaw E. Wachha. Press reporters had to be ultimately admitted to the Board room. It is said that the business of the Bombay Port Trust being more or less of a technical nature will not interest the public if it is published. All the business, however, is

(Continued on next page.)

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THE WORLD'S GREATEST TONIC.

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The ELIXIR GODINEAU is now constantly talked of by the press, it is the constant subject of their articles and the talk of town and country: it is a first class strengthening and restoring tonic of miraculous power.

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The marvellous properties of the ELIXIR GODINEAU having been duly proved by various experiments, this powerful specific is now universally recommended as the best remedy against anaemia, tuberculosis and all cases of exhaustion of the organic system in general.

LE FIGARO.

To make gold, and find out the secret of ever-lasting youth; such were the two problems which alchemists had tried to solve. The progress of science has shown the uselessness of the first, but it facilitated, on the other hand, the working out of the second.

Following out the eminent professor's theories a Paris chemist of high standing with the assistance of eminent practitioners has prepared the Elixir bearing his name the ELIXIR GODINEAU, the effects of which are surprising.

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Several truly marvellous cures effected by the ELIXIR GODINEAU, and which have been echoed far and wide, have given this specific universal popularity. Henceforth anaemia, rachitis, paralysis, senile degeneration will cease to exist. The ELIXIR GODINEAU rapidly suppresses all these affections produced by partial or general exhaustion of the organic system.

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The fairy tale of the fountain of youth is now a true and real fact; old age still scatters a few wrinkles on the face, a few snowy flakes in the hair, but it can no longer chill the hearts of men to whom the high-mettled spiritness of a youth of twenty years of age, is restored by the ELIXIR GODINEAU, one of the valuable conquests of modern science.

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COMMERCIAL

(Continued from previous page.)

not of such a technical nature. There are several questions of great importance to the commercial public which will immensely interest the public if the proceedings are reported. The scandal with regard to the Bombay Port Trust Hotel would not have been allowed to proceed upto the Council chamber had this system been in vogue. The public nature of proceedings will also serve as a check upon members of the Board who sit there on behalf of the public. The public will also thereby be able to know how the different trustees discharge their responsibilities with regard to the questions which come before them. There is a great soreness on the part of the commercial community at the way in which the Port Trust godowns are let out to the particular firms. There is also a gross overlooking of the claims of Indians in the higher departments of the Port Trust, so much so that there are hardly three or four Indians drawing a salary about Rs. 500 on the huge establishment of the Trust. It is because of all this that the Indian Chamber recently urged emphatically for an Indian majority on the Port Trust Board. We are sure that the question is receiving careful consideration at the hands of the Government and that we shall hear shortly that an amending bill will be introduced in the forthcoming Council Sessions.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(From our Correspondent.)

May 27.

The Marwari Bazar opened this morning for Fully Good M. G. Broach July/August at Rs. 327 and after touching Rs. 328 declined to Rs. 326. It then again advanced to Rs. 328½ the rate at 3 p.m. being Rs. 327½. The Bazar finally closed at Rs. 327. At Colaba the market opened at Rs. 328 and advanced till Rs. 329¼ and closed at Rs. 328.

Our market for ready cotton maintained a steady feeling yesterday with a fair inquiry from Japan shippers for high class quality. European exporters were not buying while local millwalas were buying just to suit their immediate requirements. About 5,000 bales are reported to have been sold yesterday.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS (6 p. m.)

Bombay, 27th May, 1921

				Rs.
Fully Good Broach	July/August,	...		328
Fully Good Bengal	July,	...		240
"	September,			—
Fine Oomra	July,			285
"	September,			297

COTTON CONTRACTS BOARD QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, 27th May, 1921.

			Rs.
Fully Good Broach	May/July,		...
"	July August,		327
Fully Good Bengal	July,		239
"	September		—
Fine Oomra	July		283
"	September		295

SPOT QUOTATION.

Bombay, 27th May, 1921.

Description	Super-Fine	Fine	Good	Good
M.G. Bengal and Sind Punjab	—	250	235	220
S.G. Oomra's No. 4	— 285	275	260	—
S.G. Central P. No. 1	— 320	310	295	—
S.G. Central P. No. 2	— 3 5	295	280	
S.G. Broach	— —	315	305	290
Southern 7	— —	340	330	315

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton produce etc., for the 48 hours ending 6 p. m. on 27th May, 1921.

		Bales
Cotton	...	9681
Wheat	—	13763
Linseed	—	6166
Rape, etc.	—	49
Gingellyseed	—	1046
Poppyseed	—	Nil
Groundnuts	—	551
Cottonseed	—	298
Rice	—	4612
Myrabollams	—	662
Cottonseed	—	7108
Mowrahseed	—	3
Cream	—	3529
Jowari	—	622
Mauze	—	Nil
Barley	—	373
Bajra	—	753
Coal	—	899 Tons

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, 27th May, 1921.

		Market Rates.
Bank Telegraphic	—	1-3-0 1/4
Bank Demand	—	1-3 9/32
Bank Acceptance 3 mths	—	1-3-0 3/4
Bank Demand	—	279
Chartered Dollars	—	403
Hongkong Dollars	—	198
Shanghai	—	283 1/2
Japan	—	192
Singapore	—	183

Market — Steady

THE METAL MERCHANT'S COMPANY.

Revised Rates for Brass and Copper

Daily Quotations.

27th May, 1921.

	Per Maund.	Rs.	a.	p.
Brass	3/4	85	0	0
Do.	1	87	0	0
Do.	1 1/4	87	0	0
Do.	1 1/2	85	8	0
Do.	1 3/4	90	0	0
Do.	2	93	0	0

COPPER RATES.

27th May, 1921.

		Rs.	a.	p
Copper	3 1 4	84	0	0
Do.	1	93	0	0
Do	1 1/4	103	0	0
Do.	1 1/2	103	0	0
Do.	1 3/4	103	0	0
Do.	2	95	0	0
Japanese Copper Bars				
Touch rate Local		25	0	0
Copper Sheathing Nails		56	0	0
Brass Nails		38	0	0
Zinc		54	8	0

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The Bombay Wheat and Seeds Daily Quotations.

Bazaar Rates

6 p. m. 27th May, 1921. Bazaar Terms

Ready	Rs.	a.	p
Wheat, White Delhi 70-39 —	70	0	0
Wheat, White Cawnpore 70-30	68	0	0
Wheat, Karachi Bangla —	72	0	0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi —	10	12	0
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore —	10	12	0
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore —	11	8	0
Linseed, Brown Bold — —	13	8	0
Linseed, Brown Thin — —	2	0	0
Teelseed, White 85-15 — —	80	0	0
Teelseed, Gujar 75-25 — —	77	8	0
Teelseed, Gujar 50-50 — —	72	0	0
Teelseed, Bisak — —	65	0	0
Poppyseed, White — —	14	0	0
Groundnuts — — —	68	0	0
Mowraseed — — —	7	4	0
Barley — — —	48	0	0
Castorseed — — —	47	0	0
Per cwt. Cotton Seeds Ready delivery	41	0	0

Forward	Rs.	a.	p.
Wheat May — —	9	4	9
Wheat June-July — —			
Wheat Sep. — —		9	14
Wheat Oct.-Nov. — —			
Linseed May — —	14	12	3
Linseed Sept — — —	15	1	6
Linseed Dec. — —			
Rapeseed April-May — —			
Rapeseed June-July — —			
Teelseed Gujar 85-15 Dec. Jan.			
Teelseed Gujar 75-25 Dec. Jan			
Teelseed Gujar 50-50 Dec. Jan			
Wheat June-July — —			
Wheat Aug.-Sept. — —			
Wheat Oct. Nov. — —			
Linseed Sept — —			
Linseed Dec. — —			

MONEY AND SHARE MRKET.

BOMBAY, May 27.

REPORT.

Bars Gold ready Rs. 29-15-0
Bars Silver ready Rs. 90-13-0

EXCHANGE

T T on London 1/3-5/16
D D on London 1/3-11/32
D D on Paris Frcs 290
3 M/st D A Frcs 325
T T on Japan Rs. 191
60 D/st D P Rs 185
London Silver spot D 33 1/2 d.
London Silver forward D 33-1/8 d
American Cross rate S 3.93¼
Paris Cross rate Frcs 46.30

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

5 per cent War Loan 88-8
5½ per cent War Bonds due 1920-22 100-4
3½ per cent Paper 62
4 per cent Conversion Loan 70
4 per cent Terminable Loan 86
4 per cent Bombay Port Trust due 1974 62
6 per cent Bombay Port Trust due 1930 96
4 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1974 62
6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1929-49 96
4 per cent Bombay Improvement Trust due 1974 62

SHARES.

The market was closed today.

MILL-STORES.

May 27.

The market for Healds continued very active. The home-offers are still being maintained at 56 d, and also the rate of exchange has further gone down, which means an additional increase in the rate of goods imported. There has been a very searching inquiry for best quality of Heald. Reeds are still quiet, but it is anticipated that the market will improve within a short period.

Bandings and cotton ropes have shown slight weakness. Oldham Bandings are quoted at Rs. 1-12-0. Lambeth Ropes are quoted at Rs. 3/2.

Leather sundries are dull without any animation in the market. Shuttles and Bobbins have practically no demand.

The quotation are as under:—Healds Rs. 3-4-0; Reeds Rs. 0-5-0; Roller Cloth Rs. 12/13; Roller Skins Rs. 85/120; Picking-Bands Rs. 2-12-0; Pickers No. 4 Rs. 80/90; Conical Pirn 5" Rs. 9; Ring Rabbeth 5" Rs. 13; Fillets (Doffer and Cylinder) Rs. 1-13-0; Slubbings (Jap) Rs. 46; Rowings Rs. 37.

COLOUR-MARKET.

May 27.

Quietness is the only important feature of the Colour Market. Alizarine 20 per cent. paste had some demand at the reduced rates. Directs had poor demand from the mofussil. Local demand was fair for small quantities. Sulphers had a fair demand in the mills. Fresh arrivals are regular and the demand is less than normal. The rates are almost the same but concessions are offered.

Quotations:—
Alizarine 20 per cent Rs. 700 to 750 per cask
Congo-Red Rs. 3/8/0 to 4/4/0 per lb
Crysophinine Rs. 10 per lb.
Delta Purpurine Rs. 7/8/0 per lb.
Benzo Purpurine Rs. 6 per lb.
Direct Green Rs. 6 per lb.
Methyl Violet Rs. 8 per lb.
Turkey Red Rs. 15 per lb.

PIECE-GOODS

Nothing fresh has transpired in the Cloth Market during the past week. The demand has not improved and rupee rates of most of the standard cloths have not shewn any alteration. A quiet feeling has prevailed everywhere and the approach of the monsoon is being awaited with interest.

At the meeting of the members of the Bombay Native Piece-goods Merchants' Association held on Sunday last the following resolutions have been passed:—

(1) "This meeting resolves that the resolution of 7th December, 1920, prohibiting the members from purchasing foreign piece-goods either by indenting or otherwise, be rescinded in accordance with the recommendation of the Managing Committee and the representatives of the Sub-Associations.

(2) This meeting confirms the resolution of 22nd December 1920, to postpone payment for the goods imported until the rate of exchange rises to two shillings per rupee, and further resolves that those dealers who have fixed the exchange at less than two shillings in contravention of the resolution should pay the penalty of Rs. 51 within 15 days at the office of the Association, after which time if any defaulter be brought to the notice of the Committee, he should be severely dealt with by the Committee. Those who have taken delivery of the goods by paying money as deposit, without fixing the exchange should not at any time settle the exchange below two shillings, during the time this resolution is in force without the permission of the Association, and those who have not paid any deposits should also neither fix the exchange at less than two shillings nor pay money as deposits, but if any importing firm wishes to carry on negotiations for a settlement of the exchange with all its dealers at less than two shillings the dealers of such a firm should bring the matter before the Association and should not make any arrangements privately, without obtaining the sanction of the Association. In order that the resolution of 22nd December 1920, may be properly carried out, an agreement should be prepared by the Solicitors of the Association, in which authority should be given to those merchants who have signed the same to recover the sum of Rs. 25,000 as liquidated damages from those who act in contravention of this resolution and the defaulting parties will be bound to pay the sum."

The Chairman intimated that if any notices be sent to dealers by importing firms or through their solicitors regarding the goods, it should at once be placed before the Secretaries of the Association.

This the firm stand of the dealers in Bombay, whilst on the other hand reports have been received here regarding the attitude of the merchants in Manchester, who have again had a full discussion, early this month, under the auspices of the Manchester Chamber of Commerce with regard to the exchange and the payment of debts by customers here. They have decided to reiterate the emphatic condemnation of the demand for concessions by traders in India who have refused to meet their bills on account of the fall in exchange. The opinion was expressed that the credit of these traders and future trade relations with this country are being gravely jeopardised by the irregular and illegal attitude of representative Associations in the various markets. The meeting, therefore, called upon all merchants and dealers in India to recognise their obligations and to fulfil them without delay. Some proposals of a rather drastic action were suggested at the meeting but it was decided that Manchester houses should continue their present policy of insisting upon debts being paid in full.

These threats have become too stale to be of any value and have not produced any effect on the merchants here, who know perfectly well that Lancashire cannot afford to lose India as an outlet for its production, and if it choses to stick to that attitude, Japan, America and other foreign countries will supplement the requirements of India, where the production of the local mills is not sufficient for its needs.

We understand that the firm of Messrs. C. Macdonald & Co. has sent notices to Mr. Lalji Jugjivan and three other dealers to take delivery of their goods within 48 hours. A similar notice has been served by Messrs. R. P. Wagle & Co. on Mr. Chotalal Vulubhji. These notices have been placed before the Committee, who have referred the matter to the general meeting, which will be held on Saturday, 28th May, at 2 p.m., to give due consideration. The dealers have supplied the particulars of the goods under notice. It is expected that these firms will be boycotted and a resolution may be passed that no dealer should buy these goods from auction or through any other source.

With reference to the resolution passed regarding the penalty of Rs. 51, it will be advisable for the Secretaries to issue a circular, asking the defaulters to pay off this sum within a fortnight.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 HOURS ON FRIDAY, 27TH MAY, 1921.

Station	Temp in Shade Maximum of Past 24 hours	Temp in Shade Minimum Past 24 hours	Cloudiness Hrs.	Rainfall Past 24 h.	Rainfall Total number to date	Rainfall Same date last year
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire..						
Do (19th)	91.4	80.4	41	..	5.86	—5.44
Jask ..	92	78	91	..	0.00	—4.07
Muskat..	90	84	32	..	0..	—3.72
Do ( )	..	..	..	..	..	..
PUNJAB—						
Multan ..	104	84	..	..	..	..
Rawalpindi	105	82	22	..	0.06	—1.06
Lahore ..	104	84	25	..	0.04	—0.51
Hissar ..	104	84	1	..	0.04	—4..
Ambala..	102	84	1	..	0.02	—2.62
Delhi ..	103	80	4	..	0.1	—2..
UNITED PROVINCES—					0.0	—2.40
Agra ..	106	82	37	..	1.47	..
Manipuri	..	..	..	..	..	0.9
Jhanso..	104	84	41	..	1..	..
Cawnpore	104	84	1	..	0.0	—0.7
Allahabad	104	82	29	..	0.0	—0.6
SIND AND RAJPUTANA	100	80	30	..	0.0	—0.6
Jacobabad	..	..	..	..	0.0	—0.6
Karachi..	96	80	30	..	0.0	—0.6
Ajmer ..	94	80	57	..	0.0	—1.3
Jaipur ..	94	80	56	..	0.0	—1.7
Kotah ..	98	82	30	..	0.0	—1.6
Mount Abu	89	72	..	..	0.0	—1.8
GUJARAT KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA						
WEST—						
Bhuj ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dwarka ..	86	80	41	..	0.0	—0.6
Veraval ..	86	80	5	..	0.0	—0.5
Rajkot ..	94	80	30	..	0.0	—0.6
Bhavnagar Para	94	80	10	..	0.0	—0.6
Surat ..	96	80	61	..	0.0	—0.6
Ahmedabad ..	94	80	56	..	0.0	—0.6
Deesa ..	98	80	23	..	0.0	—0.6
Neemuch ..	94	80	55	..	0.0	—0.6
Indore ..	96	80	9	..	0.0	—1.2
CENTRAL PROVINCES	96	80	53	..	0.4	—0.9
Jubbulpore ..	98	80	29	..	1.23	—2.2
Sangor ..	100	80	33	..	0.5	—1.8
Hoangabad ..	100	84	32	..	0.5	—1.10
Khandwa ..	102	80	48	..	0.10	—1.10
Akola ..	102	84	44	..	0.10	—2.37
Amroto ..	100	80	36	..	0.1	—2.41
Nagpur ..	110	80	26	..	0.2	—3.8
Chanda ..	104	84	31	..	0.3	—3.54
Raipur ..	108	80	11	..	0.4	—1.07
KONKAN—						
Bombay..	97.6	81.6	65	..	0	0.97
Ratnagiri	90	80	62	..	0	—1.35
Marmugoa	93	86	61	..	0.49	2.21
Karwar ..	105	80	71	..	0.48	3.25
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon ..	104	84	83	..	0	1.72
Ahmednagar ..	95	78	63	..	0.4	2.02
Poona ..	100	70	63	..	0.3	1.6
Sholapur..	94	84	99	..	0.43	2.41
Bijapur ..	98	78	61	..	0.15	2.95
Belgaum ..	100	76	81	..	4.88	0.77
Aurangabad ..	102	74	89	..	0.9	2.31
Nizamabad (Indur)	..	..	..	..	..	..
Hyderabd ..	100	76	28	..	1.34	1.70
MALABAR AND CEYLON						
Mangalaore ..	83	75	48	..	0.45	+2.33
Calicat ..	87	76	42	..	0.35	+0.66
Cochin ..	80	75	80	..	42.63	+6.07
Colombo..	78	76	0	..	42.29	+0.81
MADRAS EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—	111.3	78.4	61	..	46.26	—1.51
Masilpatam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bellary ..	103.6	81.2	37	..	0.8	—3.74
Cuddapah ..	107	77	2	37	1.70	—3.33
Madras ..	109	87	40	..	5.3	—1.52
Bangalore ..	90	68	7	48	47.96	—15.6
Coimtore ..	95	68.5	80	..	9.8	—0.84
Trichanopoly ..	101	72	2	74	14.73	+5.12
Negapatam ..	101	81	53	..	31.02	+17.07
	102.9	83.6	61	..	68.89	+36.0

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ESTABLISHED 1864.

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ASTHMA

RADICAL AND SURE CURE.

OF 24 YEARS FAME ALL OVER THE WORLD.

THE NATIONAL ECHO.

Calcutta—Saturday, July 23, 1921 Page 4 from our own correspondents.

A useful remedy for Asthma has been discovered by a local philanthropist. The gentleman is one J. P. Ray who has cured a friend of mine from this fearful malady free of charge and does so in every case. His medicine is simple and as it is in improvement upon the existing systems of treatment which afford at least temporary relief it is well worth trying. He can be consulted at Durga and Road Benares City, and I am sure this information if properly utilised will be a blessing to many a desperate soul.

NOTE:—J. P. Ray is alive. This is the best time for taking the specific. Present address:—

J.P. Ray, K P. Ray 5, Benares City.

(8)

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INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO. LTD.

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An invaluable restorative in cases of

Exhaustion

When the system is "below par," any unusual strain upon the vitality often causes a feeling of exhaustion.

This feeling of exhaustion is due to a sudden partial collapse of the vital powers of the body.

That is because the drain upon the vitality has been greater than the body can replace.

Now, exhaustion is not only distressing in itself, but it indicates that the vital powers of the body are "run-down."

And it is in such cases that the help of 'Wincarnis' proves of such great value.

Because 'Wincarnis' possesses a four-fold power—it is a Tonic, a Restorative, a Blood-builder and a Nerve strengthener, all in one.

Thus 'Wincarnis' promotes *new* strength, *new* rich red blood, *new* nerve force and *new* vitality—all at one time.

That is why over 10,000 Doctors recommend it.

If you are subject to Exhaustion, or are Weak, or Anæmic, or Nervous, or Run-down, take advantage of the new and vigorous health 'Wincarnis' offers you.

Get a bottle of 'Wincarnis' and begin taking it to-day.

But be *sure* you get 'Wincarnis.' Don't be tempted to buy a substitute.

WINCARNIS

Of all Druggists, Stores, Bazaars, &c.

COLEMAN & Co., LTD., Wincarnis Works, Norwich, Eng.

MOTHER **SEIGEL'S SYRUP**

Mother Seigel's Syrup is a reliable remedy for the prevention and removal of digestive troubles caused through weak or overworked digestive organs. If your stomach, liver and bowels—the principal organs of digestion—need help,

is unrivalled

Mother Seigel's Syrup is the tonic you should take. It tones, strengthens, and stimulates the whole digestive system. A short course of this tried and proved remedy will convince you of its power to restore health and vigour. Put it to the test.

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PEUGEOT CAR

10/18 H. P. 4 cylinder, detachable wheels, self-starter, lighting set, comfortable, 4-seated Body.

Sole Agents:

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BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

ENGAGEMENT.

SUNDAY, May 28.

Steamer Dongola with outward mails of May 12, expected to arrive 6 a.m.
SATURDAY, June 4.
King's Birthday—Bank Holiday.

Domestic Occurrences.

VAKIL.—Shapurji Jehangirji Vakil, son of the late Jehangirji Bejanji Vakil and brother of Rustombhai and Merwanji, and father of Erachshaw and son-in-law of the late Mr. Sorabji Bejonji Vakil and also of the late Dadabhoy Cawasji Booty of Poona, died at 8-30 p.m. Friday at his residence at Girgaum Back Road, near Aslaji's Agiaree. Funeral this afternoon at 3 p.m.

"COOPERATIVE DISPENSARIES."

Shriyut Lakhmidas Tairsee will preside today (Saturday) at the lecture to be delivered by Mr. Narayen Rao Kulkerny at the Servants of India Society's Hall at 6 p.m. the subject being "The advantages of Cooperative Dispensaries for the clerical and lower middle classes."

RS. 6085 NOTES MISSING.

Kapoorchand Makuar, a Marwari; having a shop at Frere Road reported to the police that on Tuesday at Noon he left his shop and went to a inner room to drink water and on returning he found a bundle of currency notes of the value of Rs 6085 which he had placed on a table, missing.

GRANT ROAD SCHEME

A meeting of the members of the above Committee will be held in the office of Mr. J. J. Vimadalal Solicitor, Hummum Street on Monday next the 30th instant at 6 p.m. to consider the letter received by the President from the Railway Board and any other matter that may be brought forward with the permission of the President.

MR. B HARUCHA'S LECTURES

On his way to the Broach Conference, Mr. Barjorji Framji Bharucha will deliver the following lectures:—
At Bulsar: Sunday morning (29th May)—"Cooperation—How and With Whom?"
At Surat: Sunday evening (29th May):—"Iniquity to Islam and Unrest in Asia."
At Broach: Monday evening (30th May):—"The present Political Situation in India" (for Parsis only).

MAHATMA GANDHI AT MATUNGA.

Under the auspices of the F Ward Congress Committee and Matunga Residents' Association, a mass meeting will take place on Sunday 29th May 1921 at 7 p.m. and not at 6 p.m. as announced before. Messrs. Gandhi, Marmaduke Pickthall, Mahomed Ali and Shaukat Ali, will be present. All volunteers are requested to be present at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Mr. Nensey's place.

POSTAL NOTICES.

The Fergusson Road post office will be removed on the 1st June 1921 from its present building to another building belonging to Mr. Merwanji Dadabhoy situated at 150 DeLisle Road opposite Narhari Vilas Hindu Hotel.

Mails for Seychelles, Lamu, Mombasa, Ibo, Chindi, Dar-es-Salaam, Zanzibar, Tanga, Quilimane, Mozambique, Beira and L. Marquis per s.s. Karva will be closed at the General Post Office at 9 a.m. on Thursday the 2nd June instead of on the 1st June as previously notified. Correspondence for Natal, Cape Colony and other places in South Africa will also be forwarded by this steamer.

CHEMICALS.

May 27.

Practically, there has been a good inquiry in the heavy chemicals. Zinc chloride and Sodium Sulphide had slightly advanced in rates. Bichromate of soda and Potash were rather quiet. Aniline salt had fair inquiry. Antimony salt was without lively demand.

Among sizing starches, Farina and sago had good deal of activity. There was a very great inquiry in sago. Farina continues very scarce and the rate quoted for ready stock is largely varying from Rs. 24 to 25 per cwt. Maize starch pearl is quoted at Rs. 25. Wheat starch has no lively inquiry. Dextrine changed hands at Rs. 30.

Among fine chemicals, the inquiry was fair. Madras presidency continued with the usual inquiry for dyeing chemicals.

Quotations:—
Zinc Chloride Rs. 45; Sodium Sulphide U A Rs. 36; Bleaching Rs. 33; Bleaching German Rs. 25; Caustic soda Rs. 35; Bichromate of soda Rs. 85; Bichromate of Potash Rs. 100; Aniline salt Rs. 1-4-0; Antimony salt Rs. 2-4-0; Epsom Salt Rs. 10.

BOMBAY POLICE COURTS.

FINED FOR DAZZLING HEAD-LIGHTS.

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Rao Bahadur Chunilal Setalvad, Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Punter charged the following persons with having dazzling head-lights.

(1) Mr H. E. Ormerod, Manager, Fort Automobile Company; (2) Mr. H. V. Wilson; Mr. W. F. List; (4) Mr. Nanji Manji; (5) Mr Motilal Lala Patel; (6) Mr Karim Hussain; (7) Jacob Gregory Lewis, a Tax-driver; (8) Shaik Mohamed Shaikh Ismail; (9) Gulam Hussain, a taxi-driver.

All the accused with the exception of accused No. 9, were fined Rs. 10 by His Worship. As the accused No. 9, who was charged with having dazzling head-lights and with not having his address changed on his license, the Magistrate fined him Rs. 13.

A HINDU COMMITS SUICIDE.

The story of the pitiable death of a Hindu youth, who could not successfully face some domestic troubles, was revealed in the course of an inquest held by Mr. A. R. King, the Coroner, at the G. T. Hospital, yesterday. Dhanji Kalidas, aged about 25 was in the service of one Mr. Jayantilal Amersey, a jeweller, and used to look morose lately. He seemed to be in some domestic troubles. On Thursday, last he took a rupee from his master and went out. A few hours later, his master was informed that Dhanji was lying unconscious in a temple at Princess Street. His master removed him to the G. T. Hospital, where symptoms of opium poisoning were detected. He died at the hospital shortly after admission.

The jury returned a verdict of suicide by opium poisoning.

LABOUR TROUBLE IN BOMBAY.

Some fifty men in the P. and O. and B. I. S. N. Company's Dockyards returned to work yesterday morning, but the large majority of men are still out, and it is not known what course they will adopt.

The other strikes in the city have come to an end, and the G. I. P. Railway's repairing shop, at Matunga, was working as usual yesterday morning.

WESTERN ANATOLIA.

LAMENTABLE SITUATION.

MUSALMAN LEAGU'S PROTEST

The following is a copy of the Representation submitted by the Committee of the London Muslem League to the Prime Minister on the subject of the lamentable situation in Asia Minor.

To the Rt. Hon. the Prime Minister.

Sir,—1. On behalf of the Committee of the London Moslem League, I again beg most respectfully to draw your attention to the sufferings of the Moslem population under the regime introduced by the Greeks in the territories occupied by them in Asia Minor, in the earnest hope that His Majesty's Government will be pleased (1) to direct an impartial enquiry into the conditions prevailing there, and (2) to take immediate steps to put an end to the reign of terror that has been established in this afflicted country.

2. We beg to give here two extracts from a letter we have received bearing date the 21st of March, which give a harrowing picture of the sufferings of the Turkish people under the newly imposed Greek rule:—

"Their (the Greek) treatment of the Turks says our informant "began to be observed by all foreigners as absolutely intolerable, and I regret to say that no day passes now without hearing of many arrests of Turkish notables and educated persons upon false allegations. Many people are thrown into the prisons for an indefinable period without trial and subjected to severe tortures. Houses of Turks are raided and women are violated in most disgraceful manner. No business man can leave his hope to his distant farms without being subjected to dangers. Instances of these kinds are numerous and although reported to the European representatives serious steps towards their prevention are not felt effecting. We cannot imagine how far the policy of Greek aggression in a purely Turkish land or territory could be allowed by England who alone can be called to stop such intolerance.". . .

The writer after speaking of his reliance on British justice and humanity goes on to say:—

"With this conviction I forward you this letter expressing the misrule of the Greek in Smyrna Vilayet and the surroundings to urge upon His Majesty's British Government to communicate to their High Commissioner in Constantinople to interfere into such injustice incurred upon the Turks. We want to see the sincerity of the British Government manifested in these instances according to their declared policy of being upholder of racial religious questions and to their obligations to the Mahommedan world as being protector of defenceless people. Every day we see and hear of many Turks killed in the open day, without attempt of arresting the Greek murderers. Last week I witnessed the corpses of four Turkish cabmen killed in the Mememen-Smyrna road, and heard of eight slaughtered in the neighbourhood of Smyrna town. I cannot but say that the Greek administration of which we heard much of praise is nothing of modern Government. It can be characterised as an organised campaign sent to kill and exterminate the Turks. After the abolition of the Turkish regime, the Greek authorities have not attempted to establish an efficient machinery for directing the afiairs of the public but simply occupied themselves in killing and arresting as many Turks as they are satisfied. It seems that the real object of the Greek is nothing more than to drive out the Turks of Smyrna systematically and unsystematically. Added to the frequent aggression the misery and distress among the Turks are increasing together with that what tears the heart of every Mahomedan is to see Turkish women and girls are forced to prostitution by every possible way. The Greek officer, instead of looking after his duty, finds pleasure in forcing Turkish ladies to come out openly unveiled, and I regret to say that if the Greek occupation continues for some years Moslem tradition and characters would be totally suppressed. This we cannot see it by our eyes when we know that our friends the English are sympathising with Greece. Lastly I add that the commercial state of the country is ruined and the interior devastated to a deplorable condition."

3. Speaking with profound respect as loyal subjects of the Crown, my Committee consider that a grave responsibility rests on His Majesty's Government to bring about a speedy amelioration in the terrible conditions in Asia Minor under Greek rule, and a resultant restoration of the old steadfastness and goodwill among the Indian population.

4. The deplorable ferment in India, the extent of which can hardly be ignored now, has paralysed the country's progress and greatly added to the difficulties of administration. This ferment, which is sure to be further inflamed by the new unprovoked and iniquitous attack by the Greeks, is, in our opinion, greatly due to the situation in Acia Minor.

5. The widespread impression, however-wrong, that the British Government favours the Greeks at the cost of Turkey and to the serious injury of the Moslem population of Asia Minor and Thrace, helps to aggravate the bitterness. Unfortunately, this unhappy impression has gained colour from the public statement of the Greek Prime Minister on his return to Athens from the London Conference, and the benevolent neutrality which has permitted the Greeks to establish a blockade of the Black Sea coast.

6. My Committee also feel it their duty to draw your attention, sir, to the plight of the Moslem refugees from Thrace, who have been driven from their ancient homes and are dying in thousands from want and starvation on the shores of Bosphorus. We consider it to be England's duty, if they cannot be repatriated to provide means for preventing their perishing.

7. The Committee trust that in spite of acute domestic pre-occupation, our present appeal to you, Sir, if only for the sake of peace in India, will not pass unheeded.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient and humble Servant,
(Signed) M. H. Ispahani,
Honorary Secretary.

THE TATA BANK.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The happenings at the meeting of the shareholders of the Tata Industrial Bank Ltd. last evening will cause satisfaction in that certain abuses in the management were brought to light. I am in entire sympathy with the feeling of the shareholders regarding the ludicrously disproportionate remuneration of the European and Indian Employees of the Bank and believe in the justice of the complaint. I join them in their attack on the Committee of Directors who make these appointments and fix salaries: perhaps these busy gentlemen have had no time to consider matters in all their aspect before making or sanctioning appointments and fixing salaries. What happened last evening will serve as a sufficient censure on them and I am sure they will either mend their ways or go out if they cannot conscientiously carry out the the wishes of the shareholders in this respect.

The Central Bank of India was freely mentioned in the meeting. Its success has indeed been great and the greatest credit for that success is due to Mr. S. N. Pochkhanwala who has been untiring in his efforts to raise the Bank to its position. A brilliant future for the Central Bank is assured with a gentleman of the ability and sobriety of Mr. Pochkhanawala at the helm. But there is another sight to the picture and there have been other Banks started for the very ideals that the Central Bank stands for. I do not find that any mention was made at the meeting yesterday of the Merchants Bank with the late Mr. Dani at its head nor of The Indian Specie Bank with the brilliant Mr. Chunilal Sayraya at its head.

The action of the shareholders of the Tata Bank yesterday in refusing to pass the Report is bound to cause great anxiety. It is one thing to criticize and bring to light the prevailing abuses in the management of a concern with a view to their correction. It is quite a different story when you seek to bring matters to a crisis, perhaps, involving the ruin of the concern which you want to improve. By refusing to pass the Report and the accounts the shareholders are taking the risk of bringing the affairs of the Bank to a stand-still. Their action would amount to a virtual vote of censure on the Board of Directors and I feel certain that the Directors out of sheer self-respect will resign their seats on the Board.

As a result of any commotion or some change at the Bank there is sure to be a run on the Bank and to meet the run a call on the shareholders will follow. The Bank will have to recall moneys advanced to various people on demand notes and to withdraw its help from the various industries it is supporting. One can hardly imagine to what extent the public and the industries will suffer in the crash that is bound to follow the upheaval.

Is it in the interests of the country to bring about such a crash in the fall of the largest Indian Bank and the number of concerns which are at present supported by the Bank? Let the shareholders think and think deeply before voting. It will never do to take the bit in the month and bolt. Yours &c.

C

Bombay May, 26.
63, Laburnam Road,
New Gamdevi.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—In his presidential address Sir Dorab Tata said, among other things, that Indians are incapable of managing Banks and hence the Bank has to import Europeans.

Now, Sir, it is fully known that almost all the work is done by Indians except the signing of letters and initialling of vouchers etc. Does Sir Dorab mean that only the Europeans are hardworking? Take the Current Account Department. Who posts ledgers and passes cheques, who writes scroll book for balance purpose, Indians only, while the Officers initial the cheques passed by the staff. Then in the Bill Department, Local, Inward as well as Outward, everything is done by Indians except signing and initialling. The same is the case in other Departments. In Bombay there are many men with varied experience, who, when given chance, may prove equal, if not better, officers than the so called imported with a very few years' experience.

Will Sir Dorab say how many Indian Chief Clerks of other Banks have been offered decent posts?

Whether the Directors make appointments or the General Manager, the master voice of General Manager will always prevail.

Last but not the least the Cash Department where security is to be offered are always in the hands of Indians, because the raw youth of England cannot furnish security in cash.—Yours, etc.

ADI.

Bombay, May 27.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The accompanying notice is given to the Secretary, the Tata Industrial Bank, and shall thank you to publish the same in your next issue.

Hoping to be excused for the trouble, yours etc.,

K. F. NARIMAN.

(Copy.)
27th May, 1921.

To
The Secretary,
The Tata Industrial Bank, Ltd.,
Bombay.

Sir,

Please note that at the adjourned meeting of the shareholders on Wednesday, the 1st June, 1921, I will move for the appointment of Mr. Shapurji N. Guzder as a Director in the place of Mr. F. C. Rimington.

Yours faithfully,
KHURSHED F. NARIMAN.

LIQUOR SHOP AT VILLE PARLE.

CONGRESS COMMITTEE'S PROTEST.

The Secretary of the Bombay Sub-District Congress Committee writes:—

On Friday night a public meeting was held under the auspices of the Bombay Sub-District Congress Committee at Diamond Hall, Ville Parle, to condemn the action of the Government in granting a license for opening a liquor shop at Ville Parle under the presidentship of Mr. Barjorji F. Bharucha.

Mr. J. K. Mehta in moving the resolution, "that this meeting of the residents of Ville Parle held under the auspices of the B. S. D. C. Committee having come to know that an application for opening a foreign liquor shop has been made, and that the Government are going to grant the license, records its emphatic protest against the authorities in granting the license, and this meeting further appoints a sub-committee of five members to persuade the applicant to withdraw the application for licence", emphasised the importance of carrying on the temperance propaganda, and wanted Ville Parle to set an example like Gujrat in reducing the income of Government earned through means. The speaker said, perhaps the Government wanted to supplement their income lost in Gujrat by opening more liquor shops in Thana.

The resolution was seconded and passed.

The President said that though he was a Parsee, he had given up meat and wine for the last 19 years. (Cheers.) He remarked that the mission of Mahatma Gandhi was like the mission of Christ, as the Great Mahatma wanted India to be free from the serfdom of an alien nation by self-purification. He assured the audience that in the present struggle of India, the Parsees were one with the Hindus and Moslems, and there would be a day when the tie of love and sympathy between the Hindus and Parsees would be cemented more strongly. Mr. Bharucha expected that the residents of Ville Parle would exert their utmost to remove the liquor shop if opened.

FORT DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

OFFICE-BEARERS ELECTED

At two meetings of the Fort D. C. Committee that were held on the 17th and the 23rd instant office-bearers and the Council of Management were elected; also rules were framed for the Committee. Office-bearers are: President, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu; Vice-President, Mr. Umar Sobani; Secretaries, Messrs. Mathooradas Tricamjee and Mahomedbhai Peerbhai; Treasurers, Messrs. Mathooradas Laxmidas and Ramdas Haridas. Members of the Council are Messrs. M.. Pickthall, S. A. Brelvi, B. F. Bharucha, Narandas Gandhi, Jethalal Ramji, B. N. Khambata, G. G. Mehta, C. P. Sule, Amerchand Kalidas, Dharamdas Jagmohandas and C. A. Buch.

SMYRNA RELIEF FUND.

The Hon. Secretary, Central Khilafat Committee, writes to say:—

It is gratifying to learn that the Masalab merchants of the Crawford Market have also responded to the appeal made by the Central Khilafat Committee, and have contributed decent sums towards the Smyrna Relief Fund. The names of the donors with their donations are as follows:—

Niaz from the Masalahwalla merchants, Rs. 900; Haji Habib H. Mohamed Masalahwalla, Rs. 25-8; Haji Abdur Rahim Haji Zakeria, Rs. 51-4; Mohamed Gani Masalahwalla, Rs. 101-4; Ismail Osman Sodawalla Khatri, Rs. 10-4; N. A. Rahman, Rs. 105-4; Iman Ali H. Osman, Rs. 101-4; Abdullah Siddik, Rs. 20-4; Ismail Haji Khoja, Rs. 51-4; Ibrahim Haji Khoja, Rs. 35-4; Tar Mohamed Ahmed, Rs. 225-4; Ibrahim H. Shakur, Rs. 25-4.

VOLUNTEERS NEEDED.

GIRGAUM DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

Secretary, Girgaum District Congress Committee, writes to say:—

Voluntary workers are required to do Congress work in the D Ward. They will be allowed to choose their own hours of work and localities.

Attention has to be concentrated on two things:
(1) Enlistment of members of the Congress.
(2) Collection of Tilak Swaraj Fund.

Every worker will have to work in conjunction with a member of the Managing Council, and abide by the rules framed by the secretaries for collection of the Swaraj Fund from time to time. Intending workers should please apply in writing to the secretaries D Ward Congress Committee, Girgaum, A. 79, Sandhurst Road.

SIMLA RACES.

HORSES LEFT IN

From our own Correspondent.

SIMLA, May 27.

THE SOLON PLATE. Arab ponies entered for the staff cup first day.

Taiseer 11-7, Monocle 11-3, Gold Mohur 10-13, Peace Day 10-11, Babel 10-10, Ronald 10-7.

THE ANNANDALE SCURRY. Ponies played 1921 season.

Catch Weights 11-7, Slippery Sam 11-7, Sirdar 11-7, April 11-7, Bosun 11-7, Greymist 11-0, Glenco Girl 11-0.

THE GOVERNOR'S CUP HIGHWEIGHT HANDICAP. English, Australasian ponies 14-2 and under.

Little Eva 9-12, Mavourneen 9-12, Cerise 8-8.

THE READING CUP. Highweight handicap Arab ponies 14-2 and under.

Garland 9-12, Mount Pleasant 9-6, Peace Day 8-4, Baden 8-2, Three-fifty 7-10.

THE PRODUCE STAKES PLATE. Highweight handicap. C. B. ponies 14-2 and under.

Indian Made 10-2, Isolda 10-2, Genuine 9-1.

THE NARKUNDA STAKES ARAB PONIES.

Garland 9-12, Taiseer 9-2, Munshi 8-13, Monocle 8-12, Peace Day 8-6, Ronald 8-2.

THE CONSOLATION PLATE.

Little Wonder 11-7, Little Eva 10-7, Cerise 8-6, Winkey 7-7.

POONA LETTER.

SHERA SATYAGRAHA

TEMPLE FOR UNTOUCHABLES

(From our own Correspondent.)

POONA, May 25.

The rigorous adherence to the sacred principle of non-voilence by all the "volunteer-pickets," has so far led the movement to a unique success. After having imbibed this principle for a period of more than twenty days, the volunteers may well be relied upon in future without any apprehension whatever. The total number of volunteers has gone up to 600 and more men are still wanted. The Sunday processions are notable phenomena in that they indicate the depth of sympathy in the public mind. Besides, they are the best methods of infusing spirit and cheer among the volunteers. The speeches delivered on last Sunday before that mass-gathering on the Shaniwar-wada-grounds, suited the occasion most. Mr. N. C. Kalkar suggested that the liquour-merchants should boldly demand back the license-fees from the Government. This is indeed a point of legal interest and is worth-while a trial in the Court. Mr. Gulam Dastagir congratulated the Bhangis upon their spirited stand in the present movement. It is wicked to insinuate that these Bhangi volunteers are hired for the purpose. At the same time it is but first to provide these poor volunteers with the requisite rain-proof dresses. Money will be forth-coming from all quarters and in a few days one expects to see the volunteers in a full Swadeshi Uniform. It should be remembered that these volunteers alone were instrumental in saving a sum of about two lakhs of rupees or more, that would have otherwise filled the coffers the liquor-sellers, and in view of these large savings, they can but justly expect pecuniary support from the public. The picketing movement, being leased on moral and sanitary considerations, is looked upon as a boon by the Poona public; but to the professional drunkards, it has been a "plague" for sooth! We are told that drink affects the brains of the drunkard. But it is a greater truth that drink sharpens the brains; for a drunkard in these days picketing, shows himself to be more ingenious in acquiring some-how, at least one peck of his "elivir"; and in case he is to continue this brain-exercise for a pretty longer period, there is a fair chance for him to become a "genius" one day!!

SATYAGRAHA AT SHERA.

The field of action was changed from Mulshi to Shera, the Tata Company again being the aggressive party!! Rail-lines are being constructed on the public road by the Company for its own convenience! The villagers of Shera asked for a fencing along the lines, so that their children and cattle might not be in danger of being crushed under the trains. But this most moderate demand of the poor villagers was arrogantly spurned!! Satyagraha had to be resorted to, and the Satyagrahis humbly commenced the extirpation of the rails. Workmen of the Company were next seated on the joints of the rails thus disabling the Satyagrahis from removing them. The latter then laid themselves down on the rails and consequently the traffic was stopped. Greatly irritated at there countertactics of the Satyagrahis, the servants of the Company hit upon a diabolical weapon of running the trolleys against the sleeping mavlas! Not content with this, they even sprinkled the dirty water but the Satyagrahis kept quite unperturbed!

UNTOUCHABILITY IN POONA.

Too much of talk over a certain thing, tends invariably to become an excuseless excuse, for putting off the day of doing that thing. Much is said about the necessity of doing away with untouchability, and there is not a dearth of speakers arguing at the top of their voice and exhorting the audience to give up that "particular vicious portion of the Hindoo religion" (!). But, as usual, little is achieved in this direction. This is however not to ignore the noble work that is being done by the Depressed classes mission in Poona; but to emphatically indicate the urgent need of starting many such benevolent institutions. It was pleasing to read to-day that another Society for the uplift of the depressed classes, with Dr. Harold H. Mann for its president, was soon to be started. In this connection, the efforts of Mr. S. M. Mate and his young friends also need a special mention. Mr. Mate and his friends have succeeded after a strenuous struggle of four years, in imparting the bare rudiments of education to boys and girls—numbering about 150—from the Mahar, Bhangi and so called "lowest strata" of the Hindoo Society. It was really enlightening to listen to Mr. Mate—as on Sunday the 15th instant. When he narrated his varied experiences in removing the many obstacles from his path; and curiously enough these obstacles—the Majority at least—generally arose from non-Brahminic Sources!!

A POINT FOR INSISTENCE.

Mr. Mate further proceeded to inform his audience of his new plan of building up a temple with open doors all Hindoos—be they of any caste whatever. This is, no doubt, a sort of solution, but not the one that was wanted; at least, that ought to be demanded by all sincere sympathisers of the anti-untouchability movement. A new temple, avowedly erected for the use of the untouchables, would at the most attract men of cosmopolitan principles. But, the orthodox will unanimously proclaim a ban against it; and in the end, Mr. Mate will have created one more "untouchable" building!! The right course will be—as Mr. N. C. Kelkar on that occasion happened to suggest, though on grounds other than these—to attempt to use the present temples as really "public" buildings, the methods here to be used being strictly persuasive. However, in the event of the latter suggestion having been found impracti[illegible] the present, Mr. Mate might well [illegible] original scheme. For, [illegible] "advance" in some sense [illegible]

SPORTING NEWS.

DERBY RACE.

PROBABLES AND JOCKEYS.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, May 24.

The following is the first of Derby probables and jockeys:—

Golden Dale	F. Bullock
Pucka Sahib	Winter
Craig an Eran	Brennan
Alan Breck	A Balding
Eagle Hawk	F. Leach
Westward Ho	A Smith
Highlander	Hulme
Hill Country	Griggs
Humorist	Belhouse
Polymestor	Shatwell
Polemarch	Jollis
The Yellow Dwarf or Sun Blaze-Carslake	
Roman Fiddle	Wragg
Lemonora	Childs
Leighton	Beary
Granely	V. Smyth
Syrian Prince or Blue Cloud-Strydom	
Euphroeynas	J. Evans
Plato	Martin
Bohemian	O'Neil
Le Traquet	Gardner
Franklin	Blank
Aliados	Blank

DERBY BETTING.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, May 24.

Derby Betting:—85 to 20 against Alan Breck; 9 to 2 against Craig an Eran; 5 to 1 against Leighton; 100 to 12 against Lemonora; 100 to 9 against Humorist; 25 to 1 against Highlander; 33 to 1 against Bohemian, Golden Dale and Pucka Sahib; 50 to 1 against Roman Fiddle.

M. C. C. VS. AUSTRALIANS.

VISITORS WIN BY 3 WICKETS.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, May 24.

The weather was sunny and five thousand people were present when the match between the M. C. C. and the Australians entered upon its closing stages at Lords today. The wicket showed signs of wearing.

The M .C. C. were all dismissed for 176, Mailey taking four wickets for 25. The Australians made 271 for seven wickets, and thus won by three wickets. Bardsley contributed a brilliant innings of 106, in which he hit one six and twelve fours.

DAVIS CUP.

BRITAIN BEATS SPAIN.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, May 24.

In the Doubles of the Davis Cup contest between Britain and Spain Lycett and Woosnam beat Manuel Alonzo and Count Gomar 2/6, 10/8, 6/2, 6/2. Britain thus beat Spain.

AMATEUR GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP.

SECOND ROUND.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, May 24.

In the second round of the Amateur Golf Championship, Tolley beat (American) Guildford by two and one. Hodgson beat (American) Ouimet by one hole.

IN PROCESS OF ELIMINATIRN.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, May 24.

Eight out of ten Americans have survived first round of the Amateur Golf Championship at Hylake, and two others have drawn byes for the second round.

FRENCH TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIP.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, May 24.

A Paris message states that in the Challenge Round of the Men's Singles in the French Lawn-Tennis Championship, Gobert (holder) was beaten by Samazjilb after five sets.

HOCKEY IN BANGALORE.

(Associated Press.)

BANGALORE, May 27.

The last match in the first round of the Challenge Shield Hockey Tournament was played to-day between the Queen's Boys and the 75th Karnatic Infantry before a large number of spectators and resulted in a win for the latter by four goals to nil.

The Cocanada Municipal Council has unanimously adopted a resolution recommending the abolition of *toddy, arrack* and foreign liquor shops within the municipal limits.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.

Saturday, May 28, 1921.

THE WRONG WAY.

The activities of the Bombay Development Directorate have been so much shrouded in mystery that a great deal of public discontent has been engendered and severe criticism directed, especially in this journal, against the hole-and-corner fashion in which its operations of have been conducted. It was not until the discontent reached a degree that it was no longer safe to ignore it that the Governor and the Executive Member in charge of the portfolio gave an assurance that full publicity would be given to the activities of the Directorate. We, therefore, expected that an unreserved opportunity would be taken by the Directorate, and failing it by the Government to throw light on the several points of criticism. But the report, which was issued a few days ago, purporting to deal with the work done or essayed by the Directorate, though instructive and interesting in some respects, is highly disappointing as a State document. It may be useful to whitewash the unpopular acts of an autocrat and his subordinates and paint the Directorate in exaggerated colours, but as an effective reply to criticisms the report is a confession of the many sins of omission and commission that have been laid at the doors of the department. Among the many grounds of just complaint against the department are the unchecked extravagance and the spirit of racial discrimination, and reading through the whole report, we find that nothing practically has been done to meet the allegations of racial favouritism and partiality shown by the Department at the expense of the public. We have closely gone through the report and with the solitary exception of the name of Sir Chimanlal Setalvad, the Executive Member in charge of the Department, we did not come across the name of a single Indian among its newly-created executive staff. India has produced a host of engineers and is proud of her Viswoswariahs, Mukherjees, Gangarams, Rallarams and others. Bengal has twice raised an Indian to the post of Chief Engineership of its P. W. D. and to-day Mr. Amar Das, a Sibpur graduate, is occupying this post. In Bombay, in spite of the cry of co-operation and New Era, things move differently and views of Industrial Commissions and Public Services Commissions are set at naught and Indians are not even recruited in a Department, created after the "New Era." Government may wish development of greater Bombay, but development of greater Indian talent is evidently neither desired nor to be tolerated.

All the high and responsible offices have been made the monopoly of Britishers and if it was the result of exceptional merit the public would have not grudged it very much. But it is difficult to perceive from the list of officers appended to the report what special claims each one of them had to the exclusion of others for being appointed to a particular post. We know that in the case of most of these officers, there are obvious disadvantages, not the least important among them being that they have no knowledge of the local conditions, and that some of them are men who were hardly conversant with the duties they are now called upon to perform. At the same time we cannot believe that in a Presidency, where six out of seven superintending engineers are Indians, a qualified Indian engineer of experience and knowledge could not be found to hold a responsible charge under the Directorate. That is not all. Some of these Britishers who have been favoured by the Directorate are given salaries and allowances out of all proportion to their merits and mostly for making a show at the cost of other people's work and worth. We could mention names but it would be invidious to do so. No doubt, in the report there is outlined an ambitious programme of future development and how far it will be justified by achievements it is not difficult to guess from the way things are being done now. To solve the immediate needs of the city —the relief of congestion and the finding of airy and well-lighted homes not warehouses for the lower middle and working classes—what is wanted is a concentration of effort and conservation of resources on expediting a practicable scheme. We are not satisfied with the urgency for pushing through the grandiose scheme of Back Bay Reclamation, especially, in view of the removal of the Cotton Green from Colaba to Mazagaon and the Colaba terminal station and of the fact that very considerable areas now in the possession of the military department between Marine Lines and Church Gate are to be taken over by the Department. But this subject deserves separate treatment by itself.

The report fails to vouchsafe any explanation regarding the complaints of the people in Salsette and the Trombay island whose lands are virtually to be confiscated or who are to be penalised by heavy impositions for the supposed benefits to accrue from the development. The disregard of public feeling is only equalled by the tremendous hurry which the Department is showing to commit itself to some adventurous undertakings. Apart from all these, the report lays much stress on the appointment of the two advisory committees—one for the city of Bombay and other for the suburban division. But not a word is said as to how, from the very start, these committees have been crippled and maimed. We have, on previous occasions, pointed out how emasculated are these committees —and how no one who esteems himself will be willing to serve on them. We are told that the concession of these committees was a favour shown by an overgenerous Government to placate public opinion, which is growing daily more clamant for imposing an effective check on the irresponsible tendencies of the Directorate. Neither the appointment of these truncated committees, which depend for their existence on the breath of the present director nor the presence of Sir Chimanlal Setalvad as the Executive member in charge justifies us to repose full confidence in the Department, so long as its Director enjoys dictatorial powers and is able to make his nominal departmental chief accept his doings with as good a grace as he can command and defend his wasteful policy against public criticism. Sir Chimanlal may serve as an able advocate for covering the sins of the Department, but so long as the present dispensation continues, he will be no more able to restrain the Department from embarking upon costly adventures than the man in the street. There are other points requiring detailed treatment and we shall recur to the subject in a future issue.

INDIA AND THE EMPIRE.

In his interview with Reuter Mr. Sastri has given fuller expression to his views on the problems which will come up for consideration at the Imperial Conference and it is due to him to say that he has, on the whole, correctly voiced the sentiments of India. The four subjects in which India is more vitally interested than in any others coming up before the Conference, are the position of Indians in the Colonies of the Empire, Imperial Preference, Imperial Defence and the Anglo-Japanese Treaty. Regarding the first, on which practically the other three hinge, India demands that there should be perfect equality of citizenship throughout the Empire and that all differential measures restricting the rights of Indians should be done away with. Only upon the basis of such perfect equality of British citizenship can real fraternity among the peoples of the Empire obtain and last. India's attitude towards Imperial Preference and Imperial Defence depends really upon the preparedness or otherwise of the rest of the members of the Empire to recognise this principle. For, as Mr. Sastri pertinently asked, why should India sell goods more cheaply to South Africa, which is ill-treating Indians, than to foreign countries where they are free to reside or trade? And why should India contribute to the maintenance of a Navy which will be called upon to assist Australia, in case of trouble, while the doors of Australia are barred to the children of India? Let the Dominions withdraw the anti-Indian legislation which disgraces their statute-books and then let them talk of expecting India to join in any scheme of Imperial Preference. We are afraid that the present session of the Conference is not likely to tackle seriously the problem of the position of Indians within the Empire. But unless that is done, India will be unable to participate usefully in the Conference. The subject is being overshadowed by those of Imperial Defence and the Anglo-Japanese Treaty and there is already an impression abroad that the one subject which concerns India most will be practically shelved this time. If this, unfortunately, turns out to be the case, and if attempts are made to commit India to Imperial Preference and additional contribution to naval defence, Mr. Sastri and the Rao of Cutch owe it to their country as well as themselves to wash their hands off the whole business, after entering an emphatic protest against the decisions. If they fail to do so, which we hope they will not, the decisions of the Conference will not be binding on India and will be entirely repudiated by the nation. We had enough of this business, of things being arranged for our "benefit" by outsiders. India wants a voice—and will insist on asserting it—in what concerns her own weal or woe.

Outside Indian circles, the problem most agitating the minds of British statesmen at the present hour appears to be the Anglo-Japanese Alliance. India too is not unconcerned about the renewal of the Alliance, for, as we recently pointed out, the provision for the assistance of Japan to Great Britain in the maintenance of order in India is a direct insult to the manhood of India and so long as such a provision is incorporated in the Agreement, no self-respecting Indian will view the Alliance save with abhorrence, whatever the merits of its other provisions. If British statesmen have any regard for the feelings of Indians, the objectionable provision must be dropped, if there is any question of renewal of the Alliance. The Alliance, however, not only wounds the susceptibilities of Indians, but is also viewed with strong suspicion in the United States and with positive resentment in China. General Smuts, the most sagacious and righteous of "Imperial" statesmen, has sounded a timely note of warning, to which his colleagues will do well to harken. He points out that the need of the moment is *not* the Anglo-Japanese Alliance, but an amicable understanding with the United States. Such an understanding is needed not only in the interests of the Empire, but also in the vital interests of the peace of the world. General Smuts warns British statesmen against ignoring the United States in their schemes of post-war reconstruction and against the abandonment of the traditional policy of keeping out of Continental entanglements. The Silesian episode has vividly shown how near disaster these entanglements have drawn the country. Mr. Lloyd George has latterly made an effort to free the country from these entanglements, but it is not enough. A radical change in the outlook towards Europe, —which means, towards Germany, Russia and Turkey,—is needed to bring about real peace in Europe and peace for Great Britain too. France, single-handed, will never be in a position to carry on her campaign of revenge against Germany. It is the British alliance which affords her the moral justification for all her bluster and bullying. Let Britain withdraw from this unholy alliance, which is doing her more harm than good and let her instead invite France and America to a joint understanding for the restoration of peace in Europe and the rest of the ailing world. Let all alliances outside the League of Nations Covenant be withdrawn and let the League of Nations be the only authorised power that will enforce peace. Then only can real peace,—not armed peace—reign on earth. For the rest, so far as the deliberations and decisions of the Imperial Conference are concerned, no Indian will have any thing to do with them so long as India does not enjoy "Dominion Status" in every respect.

Notes of the Day.

Towards Disaster.

M. Briand is reported to have handed the German Ambassador in Paris a note declaring that if the German troops in Upper Silesia resume the offensive, the German Government will be held responsible and that "the Allies will decide in common the penalties necessary." It is difficult to believe that the French Premier has taken the step he has taken, with the consent of the British Government. Most probably he has not, for did we not see him recently holding out the threat to British statesmen that France alone would proceed to carry out whatever punitive measures she thought necessary to teach Germany a lesson? It is time British Government totally disassociated themselves from the mad and wicked policy which is being pursued by M. Briand's Government in Silesia. Not only does M. Briand forbid the German Government to send reinforcements to Silesia to suppress Korfanty's brigands, but he also wishes to prevent the German troops or volunteer forces already in Silesia from offering any resistance to the rebels. At the same time, M. Briand is trying his best to prevent the Allies from sending their troops to put down the movement. Can unholy diplomacy go further? It is plain that the French Government desire the Germans to remain as passive targets to the bullets and bayonet charges of Korfanty's rebels and to be passive spectators of their own dispoiliation. The wickedness of the whole arrangement would be hard to beat. How long are British statesmen going to lend countenance to such palpably immoral devices? Unless Europe is rescued from the entanglements of this dishonest diplomacy, she is bound, as Gen. Smuts says, to drift to final disaster.

Mr. Thompson Promoted

It is understood, according to the Associated Press, that Mr. J. P. Thompson, who earned notoriety, as the lieutenant of O'Dwyer, "has been invited by His Excellency the Viceroy to undertake special duty in the Foreign and Political Department, Government of India." Lord Reading is to be congratulated for bowing to public opinion so far as its demand for the removal of Mr. Thompson from the Punjab is concerned. But we cannot say that the promotion of Mr. Thompson to a responsible post under the Viceroy himself is calculated to impress upon him the enormity of his offence. But, then, this is the usual way of Government in this country. For the rest, the respectful language in which the Associated Press refers to Mr. Thompson's "promotion" is delicious. "Invited" indeed!

A New Spirit.

Mr. Justice Bucknill of the Patna High Court has set an example in humane administration of criminal law, which we trust will not remain the last of its kind. "A young man of respectable connection employed in the Behar Secretariat," according to the Associated Press message, "was charged with the offence of cheating to the extent of rupees five." The Sub-divisional Magistrate of Barh convicted and sentenced him to six months' rigorous imprisonment. The Officiating Sessions Judge of Patna reduced the sentence to four months. When the case came to the High Court, Justice Bucknil sent for the accused and "addressed him to lead an honest and straight forward life" and "that the criminal may not become a regular crimina', his lordship remitted the unexpired portion of the sentence." The Sub-Divisional Magistrate and the Sessions Judge "administered justice" like most other Magistrates and Judges in this country—ignoring the spirit of justice. This tendency of the judiciary in this country was brought in relief by the savage sentence of transportation for life and forfeiture of property, which the Sessions Judge of Allahabad recently awarded to Moulvi Hamid Ali, recalling, as the "Bengalee" points out, the dark days of martial law regime in the Punjab. Mr. Justice Bucknill has imported a new spirit which, we trust, will go some way in humanising the administration of justice in this country. But no real reform can be expected until the Penal Code itself is humanised.

The Tata Bank.

"Fair Field and No Favour" writes to us:—

Sir,—You have rendered the public a signal service by your leading articles on th subject of the management of the Tata Industrial Bank, and I would crave the hospitality of your columns for the purpose of making a suggestion which I trust will commend itself to the shareholders of the Bank.

The questions asked at the meeting held on Wednesday last were certainly very pertinent; but, considering the frank answers returned to them by the Chairman, I cannot help thinking that the shareholders were unwise in voting against the adoption of the Report, especially after Sir Dorab Tata's assurance that the grievances of the Indian staff would be looked into sympathetically. The adoption of the Report in no way affected the principle for which the shareholders were puttings up a fight, and once they had gained their point, they should have allowed the ordinary business of the meeting to be carried through without a dissentient voice.

However, the shareholders still have an opportunity of consolidating their position and of devising a way of safeguarding their interests for the future. This can best be done by appointing their own nominee as a Director on the Board of the Bank, either by electing him in place of one of those who retire by rotation or as an additional Director. A chance of doing so will be afforded to them on Wednesday next at the ajourned meeting, and I cannot imagine a man better fitted for the position than Mr. Shapurji N. Guzdar whose record in the matter of the Colaba Land and Mill Co., and Treacher and Co., it would be hard to beat for singleness of purpose and for hard and unremitting labour in the interests of the shareholders.

May I suggest that those concerned should bestir themselves early and see that so stout a champion of their best interests as Mr. Guzdar promises to be is duly elected as their representatives on the Board of Directors of the Bank!

The suggestion of our correspondent is well worth consideration at the hands of the shareholders and we are glad to note that Mr. K. F. Nariman has already moved in the matter.

TRUE EMPIRE.

"BASED ON JUSTICE AND TRUTH."

END OF ALL WARS.

EMPIRE DAY CELEBRATIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, May 24.

The possibility of the British Empire eventually abolishing the war was the theme of the speeches at the dinner in the Colonial Institute to celebrate the Empire Day.

Sir Henry Wilson who presided declared that many people had attempted to make the Empires and they had succeeded only up to a point. The British Empire had passed all points in 1914 by the unprecedented rush of loyal hearts and willing hands. Nevertheless we had still higher destiny and aim. Empire should be based on justice, mercy and truth. To rise to such a position would enable us to says "There shall be no war."

The Earl of Meath warned people to eschew ignorance and sulfishness. Nothing else could bring downfall of the Empire.

Sir Edgar Walton High Commissioner for South Africa said he doubted whether the forthcoming Premiers Conference would succeed in putting bonds of the Empire into constitutional form. Peoples were already closely cemented and their unity did not depend on what was put down on paper.

INCREASE OF POSTAL RATES

PROSPECTS OF COAL SETTLEMENT

QUESTIONS IN COMMONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, May 24.

The House of Commons to-day resumed their labours after Whitsun recess. At question-time Mr. Kelleway Post-Master General announced that in order to meet the post-office deficit for the current year certain postal rates would be increased from June 13th including postcards from penny to three half pence and foreign letters from two pence half penny to three pence. There would be no increase on newspapers sent abroad but there could be increase on other printed matter.

COAL SETTLEMENT.

The expected statement by Mr. Lloyd George on the coal situation was not made. Mr. Chamberlain asking for a postponement of the question on the matter said that the Government was never for a moment out of touch with the question and the Government say any prospect of reaching a permanent settlement they would bring the parties together.

UPPER SILESIA.

In reply to question Mr. Chamberlain said it was contemplated if possible to increase the force of four British battalions ordered to Upper Silesia from the Rhine. The Ministers of the three Allies had in concert made representations to Warsaw.

ORD BURNHAM..

ON INTERNATIONAL TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, May 24.

Lord Burnham presiding at the lecture given by Sir Roderick Jones, Chairman of Reuters, on the "International Telegraphic News" to the students of journalism at the University of London, paid, a tribute to the real living part played by the lecturer as a correspondents and writer in the diffussion of British influence and the attainment of Pax Britannica in South Africa.

The lecturer had then left South Africa eventually to become, as he now was, Chairman and Controller of the greatest news organisation in Europe and, indeed, the greatest in the whole of the civilised world. His leture would give the students an opportunity of recognising what they all felt, namely, that conduct of the agency from the earliest days had been characterised by integrity and intelligence, which had won for it world-wide recognition, and that it stood to-day as high as ever it did.

NORTHERN IRISH PARLIAMENT.

WOMEN VOTING IN LARGE NUMBERS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, May 24.

The public-houses are closed in Belfast today on the occasion of polling for the Northern Parliament, and thousands of workers are spending the holiday. The streets are densely crowded and lavishly decked out with flags, the Union Jack being much in prominence. The Loyalists in some districts have painted the fronts of their houses and foopaths Red, White and Blue.

Women are voting in large numbers and there are long queues outside the polling-booths. Armoured cars are patrolling streets and the Constabulary are much in evidence. The workwomen everywhere are gaily adorned with flags, effigies are hung from lampposts and even dogs are decorated.

There was some stone-throwing in the morning but it was soon suppressed.

SILESIAN SITUATION.

GERMANY'S REPLY.

CLOSING PERMANO-SILESIAN FRONTIER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, May 24.

According to the Paris papers Herr Mayer, German Ambassador, has communicated the German Government's reply to M. Briand's note. The Government declares that strict instructions have been issued for the closing of the Germano-Silesian frontier. The reply roiterates the intention not to allow free the corps of troops to proceed to Silesia, but points out that the Government has no influence over the purely self-defence organisation in Upper Silesia which was created under the administration of the Inter-Allied Commission.

The Note declares that as a result of Lord D'Abernon's representations, Germany is endeavouring to ease the situation in a practical manner, and is now sending money and foodstuffs to the occupied zone.

UPPER SILESIA.

SITUATION MUCH IMPROVED

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)
PARIS, May 24.

In the course of an interview M. Briand declared that the situation in Upper Silesia had materially improved and there was now no need for occupation of the Ruhr. M. Briand dwelt upon Poland's historic rights in Upper Silesia. He attributed Germany's success at the polls partly to the fact that the Germans had brought back 1,80,000 voters for the purpose of the plebiscite. He admitted that soldiers had not always had qualifications on which to base just appreciation of the Treaty but decision would be reached in accordance with the experts' report.

M. Briand declared himself satisfied with Herr Wirth's sincerity. He said he intended to follow the policy of maintenance of the Entente.

FRANCE'S FAIRNESS TO GERMANY

M. BRIAND ON POLISH QUESTION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, May 24.

A Paris message states that the Chamber was packed to hear the statement by M. Briand, who emphasised that France wanted the loyal execution of the Treaty. France never intended to give Poland territories which should revert to Germany. In that connection he was in full agreement with Mr. Lloyd George.

PRINCE HIROHIRTO.

CONCLUSION OF HIS VISIT TO SCOTLAND.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, May 24.

Prince Hirohirto's visit to Scotland concluded with the height of Highland hospitality at the farewell banquet at "Blair Athol Castle." The toasts to the King-Emperor of Japan and Prince Hirohirto were durnk with Highland honours, the guests standing with one foot on the table. This so impressed the Japanese that the latter also stood on the chairs and sang and banzaied. Subsequently a Highland dance was held in the ballroom, the Duke and Duchess of Athol participating. The ball was terminated by singing of "Auld Lang Syne" and "Will ye no come back again."

It was after midnight when Prince Hirohirto's party arrived at the station where further cordial farewells took place. Prince Hirohirto told the Duke "I will never forget my stay with you."

SIKH LEAGUE SECRETARY.

SARDAR SARDUL SINGH ARRESTED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
LAHORE, May 27.

Sardar Sardul Singh Cavesceiur, General Secretary Sikh League and Secretary, Punjab Provincial Congress Committee and a prominent political leader of the Sikhs was arrested today under sections 124A and 153A I.P.C. and will be shortly placed on trial. His house was searched by police and some papers were removed

HARTAL AT SILCHAR.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
SILCHAR, May 26.

Complete *hartal* continues in Silchar. At a public mass meeting, *hartal* for four days was declared. Owing to the general strike of coolies, lascars of the steamer "Zephyr" who were urged to unload the steamer, went on strike and the unloading is being proceeded with the help of convicts. The steamer is now under a military guard. A special mail train driven by Eurasian officers, with the Hon. Mr. Reid, Executive Councillor, and Mr. Webster, the Commissioner, arrived this evening. No garries or taxis being available they had to walk down to their residences. The station-yard is also under a military police guard.

UPPER SILESIA.

BRITISH GOVT.'S EFFORTS

"MOST SUCCESSFUL REPRESENTATIONS."

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, May 24.

With reference to Paris reports that the British Government has failed to join the French Governments representation to Germany with regard to Upper Silesia it is authoritatively stated that the British Government from the outset has done everything to impress the German Government with the serious consequences which will result from the incursion of German bands into the disturbed area. The British representations have been most successful as besides issuing two stern proclaimations the German Government has now agreed in principle to raise economic boycott and to permit despatch of food and money to disturbed area. The British Government has demanded apology from the Polish insurgents for the ill-treatment of Major Powell employed by the Interallied Commission who was arrested and treated with the greatest indignity being compelled to travel fourth class with the German prisoners and being even menaced with revolvers. Major Powell was eventually released.

NANKANA CASE.

MAGISTRATE'S COMMITMENT ORDER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
LAHORE, May 26.

The following are the extracts from the text of the commitment order passed by Mr. Ferguson, Special Magistrate, against Mahanth Narain Das of Nankhana and fifty other accused:—

Mahant Narain Das and fifty others are accused of having caused the death of some 130 Sikhs at day-break on the 20th February, 1921, in and around the shrine of the Sikh Guru Nanak at Nankhana Sahib in Sheikhpura District. It is further alleged that the accused burnt the living and dead with wood and kerosine oil in order to remove all traces of the crime, leaving, however, the bodies of three Sikhs and one Hindu priest unburnt with the object of showing that there has been a fight between the Sikhs and Sadhus from other parts of the country.

After referring to the action taken by the police and the Government after the tragedy was over and dealing with the medical and identification of the dead, the Magistrate says that the 120 dead were Sikhs is indicated by the large number of *Karas* or Sikh bracelets of iron found in the heaps *vide* the evidence p.w. 49 and 106. These witnesses also prove that *Kirpans* of Sikhs daggers and portions of Kirpans heaths, two Sikhs' *Quoits* (chakkar) worn in the turban, some Sikh Combs and the remains of two Sikh battle axes were also found there and that a large number of Sikhs from the neighbouring colony left their villages on or under the command of Lakchaman Singh of Dharwal for Nankhana about 8 or 9 hours before the occurrence, and that with a few exceptions they never returned is proved by a host of witnesses, and this fact when read with the direct evidence in the case, raises a very strong presumption that the bodies which were destroyed by fire, were the bodies of these particular Sikhs and the other Sikhs so far untraced from the Canal Colony.

CASE FOR THE CROWN.

The case for the Crown as it appears in the prosecution evidence is that a body of the Sikhs led by Lakchaman Singh of Dharowal Jathadar entered by Darshani Deorhi or the eastern gate of the Gurudwara enclosure of the Darbar Sahib shrine of Guru Nanak at day-break on the 20th February, many of them carrying battle-axes, wearing long daggers in the sword belts and also wearing black Akali turband, which commemorates the death of the two sons of Guru Govind Singh, who fought the forces of Aurangzeb, that these Sikhs shouted their cry "Sat Shri Akal" (There is but one God, whose name is Truth) and shut the east and south gates of the enclosure, that the main body proceeded to the shrine where Thakur Das P.W. 19, the *pujari* or the priest sat reading aloud from *granth sahib* to a small congregation of worshippers, that a few Akalis detached themselves from the main body and drove some of the Mahanths, local Sikh guards, to the eastern door after taking away their long bamboo sticks, that they found this door shut, and while the local Sikhs were pleading to be let out, a shower of bullets and bricks were directed towards the eastern porch of the Mahanth's men, standing on the roof of the enclosure, whereby a number of Lakchaman Singh's Sikhs were killed, that the attackers came down and shot and cut down a number of these Sikhs who had taken refuge in side-rooms of the eastern porch, that the Mahant and his party then attacked and pursued towards the railway line and killed and wounded several of a small body of Sikhs from Bundala and Lokhe who had arrived late outside the South Gate, and, that then they shot down the remainder of Lachman Singh's Jaths, 50 or 60 in number, who had taken refuge in the Shrine itself, that then they proceeded to kill the wounded, that they placed the dead and the supposed dead in heaps and commenced burning them with wood and kerosine oil, killing any whom the flames stirred into consciousness and that they burnt others in a kiln, no far from the Gurdwara and yet others in a field near the railway line, and that the Sikhs had not attempted to defend their lives.

Of the 57 accused who were present at the commencement of these proceedings, six were discharged by this Court on the 12th May, because as was pointed by the Government Advocate, the evidence against them was insufficient. These were accused No. 30, 38, 45, 51 and 53. Sufficient evidence against the remaining 51 accused has been produced to justify a committal to the Sessions.

CAIRO DISTURBANCE.

CABINET RESPONSIBLE-

ZAGLOUL PASHA'S LETTER TO SULTAN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, May 24.

Cairo.—Zagloul Pasha has sent a letter to the Sultan, alleging that the Cabinet is responsible for the disorders, because it is acting contrary to its promises to the Nation. Zagloul Pasha demands a Committee of Enquiry.

The public have been notified that demonstrations are forbidden and will be stopped by the Police and Military. Anyone attacking the latter are liable to be shot and attacks on the police-stations and Government buildings will be repelled by force of arms. The law-abiding citizens are advised to take shelter immediately they meet the rioters, otherwise they are liable to be accidentally shot. The public have also been warned against the false news which has been circulated maliciously.

ALEXANDRIA COMPARATIVELY QUIET.

FEELINGS STRONG PARTICULARLY AGAINST GREEKS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, May 24.

A message from Alexandria states that everything was quiet last night and the curfew order was well observed. It is officially announced that 38 natives and 12 Europeans were killed, including an Italian girl, and a hundred Europeans and a hundred natives wounded. The banks, bourses and shops have been reopened, but the trams are not yet running.

Bands of roughs yesterday molested and robbed the Europeans, while the judges were attacked outside the courts, but the native movement is directed more against the Greeks than against the Europeans generally.

COAL STRIKE.

600 MINERS RESUME WORK.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, May 24.

The first miners to resume are six-hundred in the Madeley Wood colliery in Shropshire. They have accepted a temporary wages settlement, pending the general settlement.

OIL VS. COAL FUEL.

MAINTENANCE OF OIL RESERVE.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)
LONDON, May 24.

In the House of Commons during the debate on the Navy Vote, Mr. Eyres-Mansell, Civil Lord of Admiralty, emphasised the superiority of oil fuel as compared with coal. He declared that the fleet would soon consist entirely of oil reserve in Britain with installations around the coast. Special stations were being planned at the Cape of Good Hope, Falklands, Gibraltar, Hong-Kong, Port Said and other places.

ANGLO PERSIAN AGREEMENT.

Replying to a question Mr. Hamsworth declared that the Anglo-Persian agreement was regarded as having definitely lapsed.

CABLE ITEMS.

Cricket.—Yorkshire beat Gloucester by 268 runs, Lancashire beat Kent by ten wickets, Surrey beat Essex by 202 runs. Derby beat Notts by twentythree runs and Leicester beat Sussex by three wickets.

According to the Paris papers M. Briand has handed Herr Mayer, German Ambassador in Paris, a note declaring that if the German troops in Upper Silesia resume offensive, the German Government will be held responsible and the Allies will decide in the common penalties necessary.

In the House of Commons Mr. Chamberlain promised that a statement would be made on the coal situation on Thursday.

A Lisbon message states that the new Liberal Cabinet has been constituted.

A novel feature of the Empire Day celebrations was the lectures at a number of schools by the telegraph officials on the Imperial telegraphic and the wireless communications including the proposed wireless chain. The thousand City of London school children assembled at Guildhall and sent a message of comradeship and goodwill to the school children in the Dominions.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW RATE OF DAILY ALLOWANCE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
SIMLA, May 26.

The Governor-General in Council is pleased to prescribe the rate of daily allowance admissible to the members of the Legislative Assembly at Rs. 20. This concession will have retrospective effect from the date on which the members became entitled to draw the existing rate of Rs. 15 a day under para 1 (2) of the circular letter referred to above. His Excellency is further pleased to extend to members who live in Delhi elsewhere than at Raisina, the concession of free haulage of a motor car referred to in para 2(1) of the circular letter mentioned above and also to the rule that members who live at Raisana and who elect for free haulage of a motor car may draw a conveyance allowance of Rs. 75 per mensum, in addition to the concession of free haulage.

These modifications will have an restrospective effect so as to cover the case of members who attended the last Delhi Sessions.

NON-VIOLENT STRUGGLE.

FRUITS OF NON-CO-OPERATION.

GOVT. HIGHLY INDEBTED TO MR. GANDHI.

MR. MAHOMED ALI ON PRESENT SITUATION.

Maulana Mahomed Ali delivered a public speech on the "Present Situation" on Thursday night at the Kalbi Dasa Oswal Wadi, Khadak. There was a gathering of more than five thousand Hindus and Mahomedans present. On arrival, Maulana Mahomed Ali was garlanded by children with hand-woven threads. Maulana Kutubudin Saheb was voted to the chair. The speech, which was well received by the audience, was finished at a late hour. After the speech was over, collections were made on behalf of the Tilak Swaraj Fund.

Maulana Mahomed Ali said he was glad that so many residents of Mandvi Ward had taken an interest in the present situation. Though he knew something of Gujerati, in obedience to the Mahatma's desire he would prefer to speak to them in simple Hindi that night. Proceeding he said he had been asked to tell them something about the present situation. And he was sure they all knew that some days ago the Mahatma had been to Simla and had several interviews with the Viceroy, but nobody knew what really transpired at those interviews. One thing was sure and it was that there was no chance of getting their grievances redressed by such interviews. It was only God, the Almighty, who could redress their present grievances. Had they knew there was no God living in Simla. Although He was everywhere with them and with Lord Reading, the Viceroy would be the last person to carry out His will. God never intended that His man should go to Him every now and then to get his complaints redressed. The God who would so desire, must be a bad god. As for example, people call him a best watchmaker whose watches once manufactured, never require to be sent to him for repair. A watch manufactured by a bad watchmaker requires every alternate week to be sent him for some repair or other. So long Indians were in the habit of running to Simla whenever there was anything wrong and the watchmaker at Simla used to repair their watch in such a way that it worked for a day or two and then again went out of order. But now they wanted to get their watch perpetually repaired by the best watchmaker.

ANTI-REVOLUTIONARY LEAGUES.

The Non-Cooperators were called revolutionaries by the bureaucracy and their allies, the Moderates. They have started a campaign to put down these "revolutionaries." The people in Bombay did not feel the weight of this campaign. But they in the U. P., C. P. and Behar have had enough of it. They have started organization called the "Anti-Revolutionary Leagues" and are shouting from house-tops that Non Cooperators are revolutionaries. The speaker admitted that the Non-Cooperators were revolutionaries in a sense. Their revolution meant that they wanted to cure their chronic diseases themselves, without any longer going to the gods at Simla or their allies, the "honourables" and "excellencies." Non-Cooperators meant those Indians who no longer believed in begging.

There were some in the country who still asked them to cooperate with the Government and they knew it well when they wanted to cooperate how the Government drove them off. But Non-Cooperation has now done something towards cooperation. Now if they stretched their hands they received the hands of the bureaucrats in return. That was not so before Non-Cooperation was started. Before this movement was set afoot, if they stretched their hands for cooperation, they were told to have stretched hands for alms and were refused a hand in return. This was surely one of the successes attained by means of Non Cooperation. It had been often said that the Mahatma is a sincere man, but his co-workers are dangerous people. The speaker would only say in that connection that non-violence now prevailing in the country was not due to the activities of Sir Harcourt Butler or his henchman, Mr. Chintamani, but to the influence of the Mahatma and his "dangerous" co-workers. People had often asked the speaker as to what was the success of Non-Cooperation hitherto. He was told that boys were still going to school and at the same time they were hooting Mrs. Besant and such other big Moderates. The speaker's reply was that it was wholly and solely due to English education. It is the English education that has taught the boys to harbour one thing at heart and another on the lips. To-day the boys were Non-Cooperators at heart and cooperators outwardly. Such attitude of the youths have no doubt done considerable harm to the cause and if they were sincerely with the Non-Cooperators, they could advance much more by now.

SUCCESS OF THE MOVEMENT.

Continuing Mr. Mahomed Ali said hitherto the Government were saying that the educated Indians were but a microscopic minority and they never represented the "dumb millions." And they always boasted to have read the minds of the "dumb millions" from the lofty hills of Simla by means of the "bureaucratic stethoscope." But to-day they have begun to say "Oh, Gandhi is moving among only the uneducated while the educated millions are with us." Bureaucracy have also taken to making a show of sending youths from the uneducated classes, abroad for education, show their readiness to donate to educational institutions, but such was not their attitude some time ago. The speaker said this too was due to Non-Cooperation.

Continuing the speaker said Non-Cooperators did not care whether their supporters were educated or uneducated. What they wanted were sincerity in sacrifice, and honesty of purpose. They relied upon only those who were sincere in their service towards their Motherland; on those who were prepared to make sacrifices for a true cause. He recollected Lord Morley's words, the purport of which was that British Government in India did not want the lawyers and somebody replied to it: "because you do not like Law. And to-day the same British Government in India is praising the lawyers to the seventh heaven; they say that the lawyer class has contributed a great deal towards the progress of the nation. This chance of the tone of the bureaucracy,—said the speaker,—was also due to the Non-Cooperation movement. Formerly they used to say: "Indians are bad litigants", and now they are advertising their law courts by saying that they are giving best justice at cheapest cost and Indians should not forget to take full advantage of their law courts. This also was due to the movement which Lord Chelmsford called a "most futile movement."

Proceeding further Mr. Mahomed Ali said the Non-Cooperators have got one standard to measure their movement and it was faith in God. Up to now the worst disease of Indians was fear. They feared the police, the C.I.D. they feared God's displeasure and the worst fear was that of being left out of the Honour list. Indians were 32 crores in number and if they were afraid of barely a crore of outsiders, they were surely good-for-nothing people. Even 32 crores of bugs could make a crore of people terribly restless. Indians have began to realise this truth now. The fear of police and jail is disappearing from their mind. Formerly, if any national worker was sent to jail others used to encourage and console him by telegraphic messages and all such things. But to-day Indians are going to jail with smiling faces and without defending themselves in the courts.

The speaker then referred to Mr Hamid Ahmed's bravery and said after a residence of one year in the gaol when Mr. Hamid Ahmed came out, he made speech with as much smile and enthusiasm as before going to jail, and Sir H. Butler's Government in contrivance with the Raja of Mahamudabad transported him for life. But could it put down Mr. Hamid Ali's spirit? Indians to-day are not afraid even of being hanged, what to speak of jail or transportation. If they carried in their heart only the fear of God, there was nothing else of which they should be afraid.

NO CHANGE OF HEART.

The mind of the bureaucracy was not in the least changed at all. Even to day they were thinking of deceiving Mahatma Gandhi, Lala Laipatrai and Mr. C. R. Dass if they could do so conveniently. There was still Ravan-raj in India. They say they would do justice to India and that law would take its own course. But who made the Laws in India? The bureaucracy were the makers of Law and again they say Law would take its own course. If India made the Law and they had to administer it then there could be something. The first step on which the Indians wanted to rely to-day was fearlessness and non-violence. They wanted to make their standard 'fearlessness.' They feared God and none else. On the day on which all Indians would go out and say: "We are ready to die but not to kill any body" they would win their cause. Sir Shivaswamy Iyer who has come into the Council as a military expert, once said that the speaker was a great advocate of violence in the coat of non-violence and that Mahatma Gandhi's soul force was all nonsense, his (Gandhi's) real aim being to invite Bolshevism into India. In Sir Sivaswamy's view moderates were the only reliable people. When a stone—said the speaker—begins to think itself to be a glass, it not only becomes a glass but it begins to break like a glass. Such was the case with the moderates. The moment one of them was called 'my honourable colleague' by a provincial satrap, the moderates not only assumed the role of protege bureaucrats but they now actually do and dance exactly like the bureaucrats. The moderates were now practically the henchmen of bureaucrats. But they could put down all such unholy alliances if they could only have faith in God and feared none. If they, thirty-three crores of Indians, could not prevent a crore of people from doing them all sorts of injustices then he could not help saying that there was no place on the face of the earth which could tolerate their existence. They must be ashamed of calling themselves men. Could not the thirty-three crores of people deserve to rule themselves? To-day the Hindu said he would rather like Mahomedan rule than the present British rule and the Mahomedan in his turn said he too would prefer to be ruled by Hindus rather than by the English. And the speaker [illegible] explain it to them on behalf of the M[illegible]dans. There were seven crores of M[illegible]dans in India and 27 crores in [illegible] world, and these 27 crores [illegible] slaves to the allies of the Br[illegible] fore if the seven crores of I[illegible]dans could free themselves [illegible]tish yoke they could be i[illegible] state than the remaining [illegible] in that case they would [illegible] oriental people, and [illegible] slavery under th[illegible] In this conn[illegible] long time [illegible] Mad Mu[illegible] called b[illegible]

SIND LETTER.

RAPID PROGRESS OF N. C. O.

SINJHORO TORTURE CASE.

A GOD-SEND FOR N. C. O.

(From our own Correspondent)

HYDERABAD (SIND) May 20.

Mahatma Gandhi's visit has given a great impetus to the progress of Non-Cooperation in the province of Sind and those district Congress Committees which were sluggish have also become active. It is hoed that Sind will be able to complete its share of the Bezwada programme in time. The Hyderabad district held its district conference on the 30th April, at which Mahatma Gandhi attended. Sukkur district committee has organised a divisional conference at Ubauro, on the 22nd May. The two newly split up district committees of Nawabshah and Naushahso Feroze will held their district conferences about the middle of next month. The next district conference for Hyderabad district will be held in the first or second week of July. During the last week national schools were opened at Khaisodero and Bangaldero in Larkana district. Several districts will in the course of the next few days elect their allotted number of representatives on the new Provincial Congress Committee

THE SINJHORO TORTURE CASE.

The police officials accused of most inhuman and obscene torture of men and women in the above case have succeeded in having their case transferred from the Court of Mr. Hamid Ali, I.C.S., District Magistrate of Nawabshah. The case is now to be tried by resident magistrate of Hyderabad. The case has been transferred on the ground that in the course of a letter to the editor of a paper in reply to the latter's complaint of delay in making inquiries, the District Magistrate of Nawabshah said that attempts had been made to hush up the matter. This is a most flimsy ground for transfer for that such attempts were made is a very well-known fact all over the province. Not only that but the fact also came out in the course of the police inquiry in this matter and an application was made by the complainant, before the inquiry commenced as a result of public agitation, asking the District Magistrate of Nawabshah that the inquiry may not be made. It is known to every body including the local officials, that pressure was brought by the police through certain intermediaries on the complainant Lashkari to withdraw the complainant. The transfer of the case to the Resident Magistrate of Hyderabad (Sind) has confirmed the suspicions of the public that several influential high officials are exporting their best to save Kamal Khan and Gowhar Khan the police officials accused in this case. This resident Magistrate once before when at Larkana had acted independently in a police case and offended a high police officer thereby. The subsequent development led to the resident magistrates tenure of his post being threatened. He took leave and it was only when he apologised that he retained his post. Since that time he cannot risk acting independently. Since certain very high officials are indirectly concerned in this matter and are known to be on certain terms with the friends of the accued, the public do not think that a right choice has been made in appointing this Magistrate to try the case. The case has been fixed for 30th May. I have only this much to say. The public here feel that so far as the Governor of Bombay is concerned he no doubt desires that justice should be done in this matter and if the police are really guilty nothing should enable them to escape punishment. But it is very clear that he has given such a long rope to the local officials here to play as they like with this serious matter that the whole affair may owing to their skill end in nothing. Things are already tending that way. There has [illegible] been no anxiety to expedite this matter. There are 47 witnesses most of them poor cultivators some women with children on their breasts. They have not only to incur terrible inconveniences coming long distances on foot or animal but it is a most cruel and heartless thing to make them leave their lands during these cultivation days and thus try to get uncertain justice at the certain cost of their livelihood for the next year. Surely the Governor of Bombay does not approve of this. Why in the name of justice, cannot the trying Magistrate of whatever place he may be, go up to the nearest railway station to try the case. If justice is intended to be done, why should not the Magistrate and the two or three pleaders go up to the village of the scene of occurence which ought to be visited if the full heartlessness of the torture is to be grasped.

A GOD SEND.

Mr. G. A. Thomas, the new Collector of Hyderabad is a God-send for the cause of Non-Cooperation, and I have no doubt, that so long as we have during the next six months officers of his type in the province, Non-Cooperation will flourish increasingly in Sind. Even those who are the staunch opponents of Non-Cooperation are losing their patience and feel enraged at his conduct. A few days ago, Mr. Bulchand Dayaram, President of Hyderabad Municipality, having taken six months' leave to go to England, and the Vice-President having resigned his office, there was very keen competition for the post of Vice-President, who would practically occupy the position of President for the next six months. Of the candidates, one Mr. Hassamal was an unsympathiser of Non-Cooperation, but a whole-hogger. The election, however, fought on the issue of Non-Cooperation. There was no apprehension of the [illegible] taking up a Non-Cooperation [illegible] in any matter, for the only [illegible] Non-Cooperationist councillors [illegible] municipal elections of 1919 [illegible] losing their proposition [illegible] of municipal schools [illegible] councillors sup[illegible] and confirmed [illegible] ultra-loyal[illegible] ist type, who was even outside the pale of moderation. In fact he was a blank in politics. His ultra-loyalism went so far as to make him recommend to a District Judge of Hyderabad, so even some of his brother-pleaders state, that Mahatma Gandhi should be incarcerated, if Government wishes to kill Non-Cooperation. But in spite of the fact that several nominated members supported this loyalist, he did not find a majority among those present at the first meeting held to elect a Vice-President. On the pretext therefore that a compromise would be effected, its principal supporters moved for the adjournment of the meeting which was granted. The interval was used by the Collector to interfere in the election. It was openly alleged at the next municipal meeting by councillors that the Collector had asked the nominated members to vote solidly for the ultra-loyalist. The press has made the same allegations, including the cooperationist newspapers. It is even openly asserted that he sent letters to the nominated councillors. The result naturally was than even those nominated members who were voting for Mr. Hassamal changed their side and voted for the ultra-loyalist who was elected Vice-President at the next meeting. Even the anti-Non-Cooperationist paper, the "Bharatvasi", is enraged at this interference by the Collector.

Mr. Thomas however soon went one step further in helping the cause of Non-Cooperation. The Railway authorities wanted to acquire the land containing the houses built by the Hyderabad Plague Relief Committee, a non-official body which periodically comes to the relief of the citizens when plague breaks out. The Collector had been asked by the higher authorities to negotiate with the Committee the acquisition of the property. The Committee's principal members headed by Dr. Valiram, the leading medical practitioner of the city and one of the signatories of the anti-Non-Cooperation manifesto issued by the opponents of the nationalization of municipal schools, and including Mr. Khanchand Prataprai, Principal of the chief aided school and a carping critic of Non-Cooperation, attended at the site at the request of the Collector. Mr. Thomas, on arrival, brusquely told the members that the Committee might be given another piece of land as compensation for the being taken from them. Dr. Valiram thereupon told him that it was not the question of the land only. The question of the building constructed by them on the land at the cost of thousands had also to be considered. The Collector lost his temper at these words. His face reddened with anger and he said, "I have not come here to argue with you. Silly!" The doctor, a courteous and well-behaved gentleman made no retort as he did not want to spoil the chances of losing a fair compensation for the buildings by getting into a personal quarrel with a rude official at that time. The public of all sections of opinion, is enraged at this insolent behaviour of the Collector and even mild men of moderate views are agitated over the insult given to one of the respected citizens of Hyderabad. All the newspapers, cooperationist and Non-Cooperationist have most strongly condemned the conduct of Mr. Thomas and the effect of Mr. Thamas' misdemeanours or Non-Cooperation can will be judged from the Editor of the "Bharatvasi" the most vehement opponent of Non-Cooperation in the whole province, stating, at the end of an article on the incident. "It will be a wonder, if Non-Cooperation does not gather strength under these circumstances." We must indeed be grateful to Sir George Lloyd for sending Mr. Thomas to Sind.

BROACH MUNICIPALITY.

TO PRESENT ADDRESS TO GANDHIJI

(Associated Press)

BROACH, May 27.

At an open air meeting, held at Broach yesterday evening, resolutions were passed to present addresses from the Municipality to Mr. Gandhi and Mr. Mohmad Ali, President of the Khilafat Conference at Broach.

MUNITIONS BOARD CASE.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, May 26.

At the High Court to-day Justice Tenon and Suhawardy delivered judgment in the application made by Mr. P. E. Billinghurst an accused in the Munitions Board Case. In the course of the judgment their Lordships observed that at the instance of the Government of India warrants were issued by the Chief Presidency Magistrate of Calcutta against Waite and Staggard, two officers working under the Munitions Board, Calcutta, and Billinghurst, Blackburn and Michael, members of a Calcutta firm, Spalding and Co., on the charg of cheating and conspiracy. Billinghurst was arrested in Burma on the 1st September, 1920, and released on bail. Blackburn and Michael were arrested in England and produced before the Chief Presidency Magistrate on the 4th April last. Under orders of the High Court of Justice, England, on grounds of health Waite's extradition was deferred to the 20th July. On the 4th May, prosecution applied for adjournment of the proceedings until 30th July, when it would be known whether and when Waite's appearance would be secured. Without taking evidence and not withstanding the position of Billingshurst who prayed for an early trial or discharge, the Magistrate granted the application to 30th July. Against this order Billinghurst moved the High Court.

Their Lordships observed "that petitioner has been under arrest and grave charges preferred have been hanging over him from the 1st September last, and we are of the opinion that the absence of the co-accused, even the principal accused, is not sufficient reason for further postponement of proceedings. We, therefore, set aside the Magistrate's order and direct that he does now fix a date not later than fourteen days for the trial of the case and require those in charge of the prosecution to produce their evidence. We desire to add that as far as possible proceedings before the Chief Magistrate should be continued from day to day and completed with all possible dispatch.

THE SIMLA VISIT.

(BY M. K. GANDHI.)

Many are asking why I waited upon His Excellency the Viceroy. Some enquire why the author of Non-co-operation should seek to see the Viceroy. All want to know the result of the interview. I like the rigorous scrutiny of the non-co-operators, who more than Caesar's wife must be above suspicion. Non-co-operation is self-reliance. We want to establish Swaraj, not obtain it from others. Then why approach a Viceroy? This is all good, so far as it goes. And I should be a bad representative of our cause, if I went to anybody to ask for Swaraj. I have had the hardihood to say that Swaraj could not be granted even by God. We would have to earn it ourselves. Swaraj from its very nature is not in the giving of anybody.

But we want the world with us in our battle for freedom, we want the good will of every body. Our cause, we claim, is based upon pure justice. There are certain things we want Englishmen to surrender. All these things need mutual discussion and mutual understanding. No-co-operation is the most potent instrument for creating world opinion in our favour. So long as we protested and co-operated, the world did not understand us. The erstwhile lion of Bengal in his early days used to relate the story of Englishmen, who asked him how many broken heads there were in India, if things were really so bad as he represented them do be. That was the way John Bull understood best. The other question the world has undoubtedly been asking is:—If things are really so bad, why do we co-operate with the Government in so pauperising and humiliating us! Now the world understands our attitude, no matter how weakly we may enforce it in practice. The world is now curious to know what ails us. The Viceroy represents a big world. His Excellency wanted to know why I, with whom co-operation was an article of faith, had non-co-operated. There must be something wrong with the Government or me.

And so His Excellency mentioned to Pandit Malaviyaji and to Mr. Andrews that he would like to see me and hear my views. I went to see the Pandit because he was anxious to meet me. I hold him in such high regard that I would not think, even if he was well and I could help it, of letting him come to me. As it was, he was too weak to travel to me. It was my duty to go to him. And when I heard the purport if his conversation with His Excellency, I did not require any persuasion to prompt me to ask for an appointment, of His Excellency wished to hear my views. I have devoted so much space to the reason for my seeking an appointment, for I wanted to make clear the limits and the meaning of non-co-operation.

It is directed not against men but against measures it is not directed against the Governors, but against the system they administer. The roots of non-co-operation lie not in hatred but in justice, if not in love. Gladstone used to draw a sharp distinction between bad actions and bad men. He was accused of discourtesy for using some very strong expressions about the arts of his opponents. He put up the defence that he would have failed in his duty if he had not characterised their actions as they deserved to be, but he did not therefore mean to convey that his opponents deserved the epithets he had used about their acts. As a youth, when I heared this defence, I could not appreciate it. Now with years of experience and use, I understand how true it was. I have found some of the truest of my friends capable of indefensible acts. For me there are few truer men than V. S. Shrinivas nivas Shastriar, but his actions confound me. I do not think he loves me less because he believes that I am leading India down to the abyss.

And so I hope, this great movement of Non-co-operation has made it clear to thousands, as it has to me, that whilst we may attack measures and systems, we may not, must not, attack men. Imperfect ourselves, we must be tender towards others and be slow to impute motives.

I therefore gladly seized the opportunity of waiting upon His Excellency and of assuring him that ours was a religious movement designed to purge Indian political life of corruption, deceit, terrorism and the incubus of white superiority.

The reader must not be too curious. He must not believe the so-called 'reports' in the press. The veil must remain drawn over the details of the conversation between the Viceroy and myself. But I may assure him that I explained, as fully as I knew how, the three claims—the Khilafat, the Punjab, and Swaraj, and gave him the genesis of Non-co-operation. His Excellency heared me patiently courteously and attentively. He appeared to me to be anxious to do only the right thing. We had a full discussion of the burning topics as between man and man. We discussed the question of non-violence, and it appeared to me to be common cause between us. Of that I may have to write more fully later.

But beyond saying that we were able to understand each other, I am unable to say that here was more in the interview. Some may think with me that a mutual understanding is in itself no small gain. Then, in that sense, the interview was a distinct success.

But at the end of all the long discussions, I am more than ever convinced that our salvation rests solely upon our own effort. His Excellency can only help or hinder. I am sanguine enough to think that he will help.

We must redouble our efforts to go through our programme. It is clearly as follows: (1) removal of untouchability, (2) removal of the drink curse, (3) ceaseless introduction of the spinning wheel, and the ceaseless production of Khaddar leading to an almost complete boycott of foreign cloth, (4) registration of Congress members, and (5)collection of Tilak Swaraj Fund.

No fierce propaganda is necessary for solidifying Hindu Muslim unity and producing a still more non-violent atmosphere.

I have put untouchability in the forefront because I observe a certain remissness about it. Hindu non-co-operators may not be indifferent about it. We may be able to right the Khilafat wrong but we can never reach Swaraj, with the poison of untouchability corroding the Hindu part of the national body. Swaraj is a meaningless term, if we desire to keep a fifth of India under perpetual subjection, and deliberately deny to them the fruits of national culture. We are seeking the aid of God in this great purification movement, but we deny to the most deserving among His creatures the rights of humanity. Inhuman ourselves, we may not plead before the Throne for deliverance from the inhumanity of others.

I put drink second, as I feel that God has sent the movement to us unsought. The greatest storm rages round it. The drink movement is fraught with the greatest danger of violence. But so long as this Government persists in keeping the drink shops open, so long must we persist in sleeplessly warning our erring countrymen against polluting their lips with drink.

The third place is assigned to the spinning wheel, though for me it is equally important with the first two. If we produce an effective boycott of foreign cloth during this year, we shall have shown cohesion, effort, concentration, earnestness, a spirit of nationality that must enable us to establish Swaraj.

Membership of the Congress is essential for the immense organisation required for dotting the country with the spinning wheels and for the manufacture and distribution of Khaddar, and for dispelling the fear that membership of the Congress may be regarded as a crime by the Government.

The fifth item, the Tilak Swaraj Fund perpetuates the memory of the soul of Swaraj, and supplies us with the sinews of war.

We are under promise to ourselves to collect one crore rupees, register one crore members and introduce twenty lacs of spinning wheels in our homes by the 30th June. We shall postpone the attainment of our goal, if we fail to carry out the programme evolved at a largely attended meeting of the All-India Congress Committee, and arrived at after full consideration and debate.—"YOUNG INDIA."

DR. CHOLKAR'S CASE.

HIS UTTERANCES.

(Associated Press.)

NAGPUR, May 27.

In Dr. Cholkar's sedition case Mr. Dick, Government Advocate further argued that there was no animus between official reporters and Cholkar. Gajanafaralli in a very lengthy cross-examination gave fair and straight forward replies without showing any hostility to the accused and he gave correct representation of what he heard. Referring to accused's statement that prosecution utterly failed to establish case against him and his speech was not before the Court Mr. Dick said that there was no suggestion that they had done any harm to him and statements did not allege as to how and why prosecution failed to establish the case. Replying to the Court Mr. Dick said that English translations of Dr. Cholkar's speech should not be relied on. Mr. Dick further said that now the prosecution relied not upon the transcription of Kamat but on transcription as reduced by Kamat's shorthand notes and as corroborated by notes of Pradhan and deposition of Gajanafaralli Mr. Dick then referred to Dr. Cholkar's utterances that India was enslaved. India should secure Swaraj or absolute independence. To attain Swatantrya no body should fear death. If Congress demands, give your blood for Swaraj. There should be republican form of Government. The present system of Government should be put to an end and Government carried on by Congress should be substituted. Present Government should no longer be considered as "Sarkar" (Government). Present Government has been described as "Saitan" (satanic). Congress resolution should be implicitly obeyed as Government laws. Do not give patronage or homage to Government. Mr. Dick further argued that Cholkar delivered speech to student swho would be leaders of the future and founders of the nation. Mr. Dick did not finish arguments when the Court rose for the day.

LOOT IN ATTOCK DIST.

CIRCLE INSPECTOR SHOT DEAD.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, May 27

A Punjab press communique says:—On the night of the 7th May a gang of five armed dacoits raided a house in the village of Malluwala in the Pindigheb jurisdiction of the Attock district. Two of the raiders posted themselves on the roof of the complainant's house and proceeded to fire in all directions so as to keep the villagers away, while the remainder of the gang looted the house. Immediately on arrival of the raiders in the village three of the villagers had set off to the Police station in Nila which is only three miles from the village and a head constable with three constables and 40 or 50 villagers proceeded to Malluwala to find that raiders had already left. Tracks of the gang were followed up and though it appears that the pursuing party overtook the raiders some 12 miles from Malluwala and after a protracted fight succeeded in capturing three of them. A modern rifle with bandolier and cartridges, a sword and an automatic pistol were recovered from the three men captured who are reported to be Abdur Rahman, a proclaimed offender of Pindigheb Ilaqa, who has been an absconder in an independent territory after committing a murder, Fazul also a resident of Pindigheb, and Syed Amir who is now a resident of Peshawar District.

Inspector Khan Sadulla Khan Circle Inspector of Pindigheb received intimation of this offence and started for Malluwala about 3 o'clock in the afternoon. At about 6 o'clock in the evening the Inspector's body was found lying face downwards on the roadsome nine miles from Pindigheb with six bullet wounds, apparently of pistols. The identity of murderers and the motive for murder are not yet known but it would appear that the murder was premeditated act of the assassins and that there were at least two men involved. The Inspector was riding alone and was armed and the probability is that he was first shot from behind the further wounds being inflicted after he had fallen from his horse.

NON-VIOLENT STRUGGLE.

(Continued from previous page.

Mullah who drove the British out of Somaliland. Therefore he would be proud to be called a Mad Mullah if it implied that he would emancipate seven crores of his co-religionists from the British Slavery. He doubted if Mrs. Besant had a job of spirituality in her. She was but a European politician in the guise of a spiritualist. There was a time when Mrs. Besant condemned Press Act in no uncertain terms and now she grudged that the Government did not penalife Mahatma Gandhi's press by means of that obnoxious Act. She has got two political eras in her life; one before her internment and the other began since after her release. He was afraid lest Mrs. Besant also one day becomes a 'Sir Besant'! It was Mrs. Besant and her worthy colleague Dr. Subramaniam Iyer, who had once said that Montagu-Chelmsford scheme was unworthy of even talking about and to-day the same scheme was more than the Vedas, the Quoran or the Bible to them. Lala Harkisanlal, "the finest fruit of the Reform Scheme," when transported by the Indian Government, left no word of condemnation unused against the present administration and to-day he is a partner in it! To-day India does not rely upon such spiritualists, leaders and lawyers. India wanted to-day men who have faith in God and in duty. It would be something worse than useless to expect anything from their so called leaders to-day. Their salvation lay only in their own hands. They should not expect anything even from the Gandhi-Reading interviews. They should expect everything from the collection of a crore of rupees for the Swaraj Fund, from the formation of a crore of Congress members and from twenty lakhs of Charkas. (Cheers.).

CALCURTA SHARE MARKET.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, May 27.

There was not much business doing in coal shares and although there was a fair inquiry for jute mill shares there were a few sellers at quotation rates and not much business was put through. In miscellaneous sect on Dunbar Cotton closed fairly steady and there was a good inquiry for Kesoram Cotton.

Following were closing quotations:—

Coal:—Bengal Bhanjee 13-8 s.l., Gopalichuck 9-4, Kunanpura Development, 20-9, Pench River 12-12.

Jute:—Anglo India (pref) 103, Auckland (deb) 95-4, Belvedree 295, Century 7, Fort William 300 s.l., Howrah 23-14, Kelvin (pref) 102.

Miscellaneous:—Bengal Bridge and Boiler 4, British India Corporation 10-8 s.l., Central Provinces Cement 7-8, Dunbar Cotton 355, Howrah Jute (deb) 87-8, Indo-Burmah Tin 4-14 Imperial Bank 1,127, Karnani Industrial Bank 4-12 discount, Kesoram Cotton 14-6, Nahapiet Jute Press 4-10.

Government paper three and half per cent was quoted at Rs. 61-4 and small lots were done at Rs. 61-8. War Bonds short loans at 100-6, 1925 at 100-2 and 1928 at Rs. 100-4 per cent.

Exchange:—Bank Telegraphic Transfer one shilling three and three sixteenth pence and Demand Bills one shilling three and seven thirty-two pence.

AN OPEN LETTER.

THE THAKORE SAHEB OF MORVI.

Sir, As the son of the great Rawji Raj the Warrior-Prince of Kathiawar, great things were expected of you on your accession to the gadi of Morvi. Your late lamented father left for you a legacy of popularity and prosperity, and thus paved the way for your successful administration. The old Rawji Raj introduced a definite system of justice based on Equity and Mercy in Morvi, and made a name and fame, that is still cherished by his old subjects and neighbours. You, Sir, had the good fortune to succeed to a Gadi, that commanded the respect and admiration of its subjects.

YOUR EARLY CAREER.

At the outset you showed great zeal and love for your people. In fact, you seemed inspired to follow the footsteps of your goodly father. You built the State Railway. You provided Tramway service. You introduced telephone in your state. You founded primary and secondary schools. You opened hospitals and dispensaries. And you did your very best for the good of your people and for the development of your state.

SPLENDID WORK DURING FAMINE.

During the dire Famine, which over-took the whole country, and which swept over the whole of Kathiawar, few other Princes and few other administrators had worked so zealously and whole-heartedly, as your goodself. You won the esteem and affection of your subjects; and they were devoted to you gladly and fully. You had practically reached the Zenith of your popularity, and your influence over your subjects was unbounded.

WANING POPULARITY.

But, it has been noticed during the last twenty years, that like the moon your power and popularity have been waning in your state! That your old subjects are leaving their dear old homes and hearths! That they are not satisfied with your administration, or judicial Institutions! That the Bhayats are getting impoverished! The agriculturists are steadily squeezed! The merchant class is fast reducing! The population is slowly drifting to other parts of Kathiawar and of the country! And yet, we notice some courtiers singing the glory of your administration at the Durbar held on your birthday the other day! You, Sir, played to the gallery, when you eulogised the saintly character of Gandhiji, insisted on the use of Swadeshi clothes and articles; welcomed public agitation; and assured your subjects of all the rights and privileges enjoyed by people in British India!

WANTED DEEDS NOT WORDS!

Now, Sir, may we know

(1) Whether public meetings are allowed to be held in your state?

(2) Whether national papers are allowed to be imported in your state?

(3) Is there any municipality or local board?

(4) Are there adequate and good roads, where masses reside?

(5) Are the roads lighted?

(6) Is there any arrangement for the sanitation of the state?

(7) Is there anything like a Council?

(8) Have the subjects any voice in the administration of the state?

(9) Do not Dewans come and go like comets?

(10) Is not a present Dewan a youth of 24, without any state experience?

(11) Is not a judge of the appeal court a bare matriculate without legal knowledge?

(12) Is not an assistant judge often dismissed, and again reinstated?

(13) Is not a magistrate twice dismissed, and yet re-employed?

(14) Does not the Police Superintendent act as Public Prosecutor also?

Now, tell us Thakore Sahib, how can your subjects hope to thrive, to get justice, to voice their grievances, to retain their freedom and position and properly, if they are suffering from the disabilities, that are complained of above? There is another catalogue of grievances under which your subjects are groaning, and these I shall deal within my next letter. Meanwhile, do you know,

(1) What Reports have reached Malabar Hill and Simla about your administration?

(2) How is the Kathiawar Agency disposed to you? And

(3) What do your neighbours think and speak of your Rule?

Please reflect and act as the true son of Rawji Raj.—Yours, etc.

BARJORJI FRAMJI BHARUCHA.

A SUB-INSPECTOR'S RESIGNATION.

JOINT N. C. O.

(Associated Press.)

AMROHA, May 26.

Sardar Indar Singh, Sub-Inspector of Police, a son of the late Rai Bahadur Malsingh, of Gujaranwala District, had resigned from the service in Moradabad in pursuance of the Shiromani Committee's resolution, advocating Non-Cooperation with the British Government. He was taken in procession to a meeting, where his action was appreciated.

Under section 144 I.P.C. he has been forbidden to attend any meeting or join in any procession.

DEATH OF A PERSIAN COUNSEL.

(Associated Press.)

BANGALORE, May 27.

Sir Mirza Abdul Hosain, M.L.C., Persian Consul, Madras, who had arrived here a fortnight ago for reasons of health expired on Tuesday night, immediately after a sudden relapse. The deceased was a popular figure in Burma and Madras. He was Sheriff of Madras during 1919, and was knighted early this year.

Your Breakfast Coffee
will be a real joy—if

you prepare half-and-half with hot, rich Glaxo —the milk with the real English flavour.

Glaxo is the rich milk of British-bred dairy cows from which the water has been removed by the Glaxo Process. This process presents the nourishing solids of the milk in the form of a dry powder, which, packed in a parchment bag inside an airtight sealed tin, comes to you across the seas with all its freshness and flavour unimpaired.

All you have to do is to add *boiling water only* (a half-pint to three dessertspoonfuls of Glaxo). Mix as much as you require *when* you require it—the rest will keep for a considerable period, if the tin be kept tightly closed and in a cool place.

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NEW YORK AGENTS—The Equitable Trust Company of New York.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL	Rs.	1,00,00,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	„	1,00,00,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	„	49,99,000
RESERVE FUND	„	20,00,000
DEPOSITS (31-12-20)	„	10,93,81,000

CURRENT ACCOUNTS—3 per cent. per annum on daily balances over Rs. 500- from January to June and 2½ per cent. per annum from July to December.

DEPOSITS—for Rs. 5,000- and over are received for 12 months at 6 per cent. per annum. Rates for shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS & CASH CREDITS allowed on approved securities at favourable rates.

PURCHASE AND SALE of securities at best rates available effected without commission.

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Managing Director.

A STUDY IN GANDHIPHOBIA.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I have great admiration and respect for all that Mrs. Besant has done to awaken and uplift the Hindus—and incidentally the Musalmans—although, by the way, the latter never desired that she should fight out the battles of Islam. It must, however, be confessed in passing that she has on more than one occasion helped the Indian Musalmans in their woes and troubles, for which we all are grateful to her. But stimulating Hinduism to life has been her chief field from the day she set her foot on the Indian soil. She has worked, till recently, right royally and faithfully, for the salvation of India which is her adopted land. She has been a martyr in the true sense of the term—and I will not say that she ever courted martyrdom, although there are people who will never hesitate to attach all sorts of motives to her intentions. Her "New India" was once a great power. In those days it stood for truth and service of humanity. But for some time past she is conducting it on altogether different lines. It is now-a-days used as a vehicle for angry and malicious thoughts which a true theosophist is not allowed to indulge in at all. To quote one example, Mr. Gandhi has of late been the recipient of numberless dirty epithets—it is not necessary for me to repeat them here. But I would like to refer to one only. "New India" innocently asks: How is it that Mr. Gandhi has not stopped his followers from calling him a Mahatama? Now, I know, and all the world knows that Mr. Gandhi never approves of this attitude towards him. He is aware that he is only a man and that his life has been from beginning, to this day utter human. And in his "Young India" he has repeatedly referred to himself in a very pathetic language and has entreated people to look upon him as nothing more than a human being. But what shall we say of Mrs. Besant whose feet are, as if by her permission, reverently touched by her followers and admirers? Wherever she goes, whether to attend a Theosophical convention or to deliver a sermon to the initiates of the inner circle, she is surrounded by persons who want to do her homage. So far she has never stopped them from touching her feet. Does she really believe that she is a super human? Mr. Gandhi has courageously said that he is a mere mortal. But, is Mrs. Besant so in her own eyes or in the eyes of her followers? I wonder why people living in glass houses should dare throw stones at others. Will Mrs. Besant make her "New India" less vindictive and malicious towards people who do not think with her or who do not contribute to her philosophy of action? Let "New India" be great once again by rising above personalities, prejudices and petty vindictiveness which have lowered it in the estimation of all right thinking men.—Yours, etc.

A MUSALMAN.

May 26, 1921.

A CORRECTION.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—In your report of the annual meeting of the Tata Bank you have published that I said that a Parsi gentleman who had appeared for I.C.S., resigned "from the Bank," because he was not treated well. What I said was "resigned from one of Messrs. Tata Sons' concerns", not the Bank, for when the gentleman resigned and wrote to the papers about the treatment he had received from his European superiors the Tata Bank was not even in existence.

Hoping you will correct the mistake, which your reporter has committed on account of the difficulty of hearing one when there was so much noise, and excitement,—Yours, etc.

B. J. DHONDI.

Bombay, May 27.

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Batliwala's (Genuine) Quinine—Tablets one grain each in Bottle of hundred. Rs. 1-4 each.

Batliwala's Tonic Pills—for pale and anaemic people An aphrodisiac Rs. 1-8 each.

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It is common knowledge that while houses and rooms are vacant those who want them cannot get them for want of information. This is a great loss to individuals and hardship for those in need—if the two parties can be afforded opportunities to let each other know of his requirement then much trouble, hardship and inconvenience is saved on all sides.

In these days of house scarcity, we have decided to afford every facility to the house-owner and would-be tenant to come into touch with each other direct without any middlemen and waste of time in bargaining.

To make this scheme successful and to afford house-owners, burdened with heavy taxes and up-keep charges, some relief by finding for them desirable tenants we have decided to make a nominal charge for publishing a list of vacant rooms and flats for residential purposes, consisting of the name of the owner to be applied to, the address of the vacant place, accommodation and rent, altogether a maximum of four lines for each advertisement at a nominal charge. The same facilities will be afforded to those in need of residential quarters. In either case the parties should advertise through "Box" System.

SPECIMEN OF "TO LET" ADVT. COPY

No. 12, Princess Street—one room, bath attached. Rent 120/- per month. Box No.——
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To tone, strengthen and stimulate stomach, liver and bowels—the principal organs of digestion—you should take Mother Seigel's Syrup. This digestive remedy goes to the root cause of the trouble and eradicates it, and enables you to digest what you eat and to secure from food the nourishment it contains.

Put it to the test after your next meal. Mother Seigel's Syrup is also obtainable in Tablet form.

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DR. S. RANGASWAMI IYENGAR

DIABETES SPECIALIST.

RARE AND INVALUBALE SPECIFIC FOR THE CURE OF "DIABETES."

The following are two of the numerous certificates received:—

Mr. Vithaldas P. Attawala, merchant, Bombay, writes on 23-11-20:—I was suffering from Diabetes for the last 18 years and had tried many Doctors of Bombay but without any effect. I then put myself under the treatment of Doctor S. R. Iyengar and he prescribed a course of 45 days for me and that I was completely cured at the end of the course. Before I commenced Dr Iyengar's treatment my urine was examined by a Bombay M. D., the per centage of sugar was more than 4 per cent. After the treatment my urine was examined on 30th November, 1920 at Dr. Masina's Hospital Cathelogical Laboratory of Bombay "Sugar was found Nill"—which means a perfect cure of the obstinate disease which had baffled the treatment of many Doctors and Physicians before. I really consider that Dr. S Rangaswami Iyengar is a SPECIALIST in this disease, I recommend him to all suffering from the bad disease for the rare quality and of its valuable Drugs.

Mr. Damodhar Raghoba Raote, Landlord Worli, Bombay, writes on 3rd December 1920:—"I was suffering from Diabetes for the last 12 years and I tried many well known Doctors and M.D's during that period, but could not get entire cure. In September last I had a severe attack of Pneumonia which seriously affected my Diabetes disease and was under the treatment of Dr Masina. I was cured of Pneumonia after a short time but my Diabetes disease was in an increasing state and I could get no relief. Dr. Masina examined my urine and found I was passing 6 to 7 per cent. sugar specific gravity was 1037. Finding no relief at all, I was put under treatment of Dr S. Rangaswami Iyengar, Specialist in Diabetes. I have much pleasure to say that after a special treatment of 45 days I found my Diabetes disease properly checked and sugar NIL and Specific Gravity, 1013. "I can safely recommend Dr Iyengar's specific to any of the suffering Diabetes patients."

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N. B.—If you hesitate in the least degree to secure the benefit of this treatment before undergoing it—why not bring your family Doctor with you to whom convincing proof will be Adduced.

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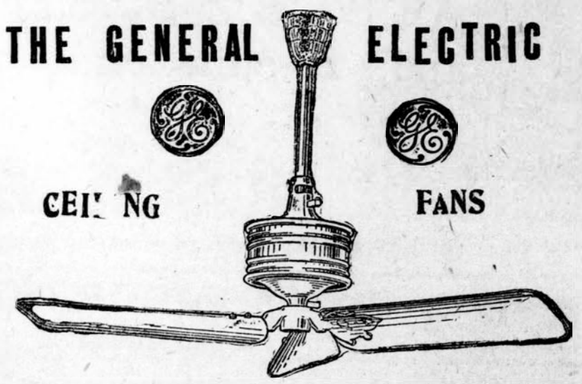

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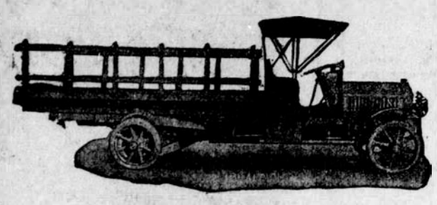

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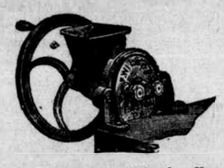

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